

Research Article

New Exact Solutions for New Model Nonlinear Partial Differential Equation

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In this paper we propose a new form of Padé-II equation, namely, a combined Padé-II and modified Padé-II equation. The mapping method is a promising method to solve nonlinear evaluation equations. Therefore, we apply it, to solve the combined Padé-II and modified Padé-II equation. Exact travelling wave solutions are obtained and expressed in terms of hyperbolic functions, trigonometric functions, rational functions, and elliptic functions.

1. Introduction

In recent years, directly searching for exact solutions of nonlinear partial differential equations (PDEs) has become more and more attractive field in different branches of physics and applied mathematics. These equations appear in condensed matter, solid state physics, fluid mechanics, chemical kinetics, plasma physics, nonlinear optics, propagation of fluxions in Josephson junctions, theory of turbulence, ocean dynamics, biophysics star formation, and many others.

In order to get exact solutions directly, many powerful methods have been introduced such as the (G'/G) -expansion method [1], inverse scattering method [2, 3], Hirota's bilinear method [4, 5], the tanh method [6, 7], the sine-cosine method [8, 9], Bäcklund transformation method [10, 11], the homogeneous balance [12, 13], Darboux transformation [14], and the Jacobi elliptic function expansion method [15].

Recently, Peng [16] introduced a new approach, namely, the mapping method for a reliable treatment of the nonlinear wave equations. The useful mapping method is then widely used by many authors [17, 18].

2. Description of the Method

Consider the general nonlinear partial differential equations (PDEs); say, in two variables,

$$P(u, u_x, u_t, u_{xx}, u_{xt}, \dots) = 0. \quad (1)$$

Let $u(x, t) = u(\xi)$, $\xi = \mu(x - ct)$; then (1) reduces to a nonlinear ordinary differential equation (ODE)

$$Q(u, u', u'', \dots) = 0. \quad (2)$$

Assume the solution of (2) takes the form

$$u(x, t) = u(\xi) = a_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m a_i (f(\xi))^i + b_i (f(\xi))^{-i}, \quad (3)$$

where the coefficients a_i ($i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, m$), μ , and c are constants to be determined, and $f = f(\xi)$ satisfies a nonlinear ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{df(\xi)}{d\xi} = \sqrt{pf^2(\xi) + \frac{1}{2}qf^4(\xi) + r}, \quad p, q, r \in R, \quad (4)$$

where the coefficients a_0, a_i, b_i ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$), μ , and c are constants to be determined and $f = f(\xi)$ satisfies (4); the parameter m will be found by balancing the highest-order nonlinear terms with the highest-order partial derivative term in the given equation. Substituting (3) into (2), using (4) repeatedly and setting the coefficients of the each order of $f^i(\xi)$, $f^i(\xi)\sqrt{pf^2(\xi) + (1/2)qf^4(\xi) + r}$ to zero, we obtain a set of nonlinear algebraic equations for a_0, a_i, b_i ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), μ , and c . With the aid of the computer program Maple, we can solve the set of nonlinear algebraic equations

and obtain all the constants a_0, a_i, b_i ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), μ , and c . The ODE (4) has the following solutions:

- (1) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sech}(\xi)$, $p = 1$, $q = -2$, $r = 0$,
- (2) $f(\xi) = \tanh(\xi)$, $p = -2$, $q = 2$, $r = 1$,
- (3) $f(\xi) = (1/2) \tanh(2\xi), (1/2) \operatorname{coth}(2\xi)$, $p = -8$, $q = 32$, $r = 1$,
- (4) $f(\xi) = (1/2) \tan(2\xi), -(1/2) \cot(2\xi)$, $p = 8$, $q = 32$, $r = 1$,
- (5) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sn} \xi$, $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2k^2$, $r = 1$,
- (6) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{ns} \xi$, $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2$, $r = k^2$,
- (7) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{cd} \xi$, $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2k^2$, $r = 1$,
- (8) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{dc} \xi$, $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2$, $r = k^2$,
- (9) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{cn} \xi$, $p = 2k^2 - 1$, $q = -2k^2$, $r = 1 - k^2$,
- (10) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{nc} \xi$, $p = 2k^2 - 1$, $q = 2(1 - k^2)$, $r = -k^2$,
- (11) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{dn} \xi$, $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = -2$, $r = -(1 - k^2)$,
- (12) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{nd} \xi$, $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = 2(k^2 - 1)$, $r = -1$,
- (13) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{cs} \xi$, $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = 2$, $r = 1 - k^2$,
- (14) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sc} \xi$, $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = 2(1 - k^2)$, $r = 1$,
- (15) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{ds} \xi$, $p = -1 + 2k^2$, $q = 2$, $r = -k^2(1 - k^2)$,
- (16) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sd} \xi$, $p = -1 + 2k^2$, $q = 2k^2(k^2 - 1)$, $r = 1$,
- (17) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sc} \xi \pm \operatorname{nc} \xi$, $p = (1 + k^2)/2$, $q = (1 - k^2)/2$, $r = (1 - k^2)/4$,
- (18) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sn} \xi / (1 \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)$, $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = k^2/2$, $r = 1/4$,
- (19) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{dn} \xi / (1 \pm k \operatorname{sn} \xi)$, $p = (k^2 + 1)/2$, $q = (k^2 - 1)/2$, $r = (1 - k^2)/4$,
- (20) $f(\xi) = k \operatorname{cn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi$, $p = (k^2 + 1)/2$, $q = -1/2$, $r = -(1 - k^2)^2/4$,
- (21) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{cn} \xi / (1 \pm \operatorname{sn} \xi)$, $p = (k^2 + 1)/2$, $q = (1 - k^2)/2$, $r = (1 - k^2)/4$,
- (22) $f(\xi) = k \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm i \operatorname{dn} \xi$, $p = (1 - 2k^2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, $r = k^2/4$,
- (23) $f(\xi) = k \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm i \operatorname{cn} \xi$, $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = k^2/2$, $r = k^2/4$,
- (24) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{ns} \xi \pm \operatorname{ds} \xi$, $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, $r = k^4/4$,
- (25) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{ns} \xi - \operatorname{cs} \xi$, $p = (1 - 2k^2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, $r = 1/4$,
- (26) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{cn} \xi / (\sqrt{1 - k^2} \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)$, $p = (1 - 2k^2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, $r = 1/4$,
- (27) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{sn} \xi / (\operatorname{cn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)$, $p = (1 + k^2)/2$, $q = (1 - k^2)^2/2$, $r = 1/4$,
- (28) $f(\xi) = \operatorname{cn} \xi / (\sqrt{1 - k^2} \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)$, $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = k^2/2$, $r = 1/4$,
- (29) $f(\xi) = -1/\sqrt{c/2} \xi$, $p = 0$, $q = c$, $r = 0$,
- (30) $f(\xi) = e^\xi$, $p = 1$, $q = 0$, $r = 0$.

3. Application

In this section, we present our proposed equation, namely, a combined Padé-II and modified Padé-II equation, as the form

$$u_t(x, t) + u_x(x, t) + P(u)u_x(x, t) + au_{xxx}(x, t) + bu_{xxf}(x, t) = 0, \quad (5)$$

where $P(u) = u(x, t) + u^2(x, t)$, a , and b are real numbers [19].

Now, we apply the mapping method to solve our equation. Consequently we get the original solutions for our new equation, as the follows.

Substituting $u(x, t) = u(\xi)$, $\xi = \lambda(x - ct)$ in (5) and integrating once yield

$$(1 - c)u(\xi) + \frac{(u(\xi))^2}{2} + \frac{(u(\xi))^3}{3} + \lambda^2(a - bc)u''(\xi) = 0. \quad (6)$$

Balancing the order of the nonlinear term u^3 with the highest derivative u'' gives $3m = m + 2$ that gives $m = 1$. Thus, the solution of (6) has the form

$$u(\xi) = \sum_{i=0}^1 a_i f(\xi)^i = a_0 + a_1 f(\xi) + b_1 f(\xi)^{-1}, \quad (7)$$

where

$$\frac{df(\xi)}{d\xi} = \sqrt{pf^2(\xi) + \frac{1}{2}qf^4(\xi) + r}, \quad p, q, r \in \mathbb{R}. \quad (8)$$

Substituting (7) in (6) and using (8), collecting the coefficients of each power of f^i , $0 \leq i \leq 6$, setting each coefficient to zero, and solving the resulting system, we obtain the following sets of solutions:

- (1) $a_0 = 0$, $a_1 = b_1 = 0$, $c = c$, $\lambda = \lambda$,
- (2) $a_0 = a_0$, $a_1 = b_1 = 0$, $c = c$, $\lambda = \lambda$,
- (3) $a_0 = -1/2$, $a_1 = \sqrt{-q/4p}$, $b_1 = 0$, $c = 5/6$, $\lambda = \pm\sqrt{1/(12ap - 10bp)}$,
- (4) $a_0 = -1/2$, $a_1 = -\sqrt{-q/4p}$, $b_1 = 0$, $c = 5/6$, $\lambda = \pm\sqrt{1/(12ap - 10bp)}$,
- (5) $a_0 = -1/2$, $a_1 = 0$, $b_1 = \sqrt{-r/2p}$, $c = 5/6$, $\lambda = \pm\sqrt{1/(12ap - 10bp)}$,
- (6) $a_0 = -1/2$, $a_1 = 0$, $b_1 = -\sqrt{-r/2p}$, $c = 5/6$, $\lambda = \pm\sqrt{1/(12ap - 10bp)}$,
- (7) $a_0 = -1/2$, $a_1 = (1/2)\sqrt{(pq + 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}$, $b_1 = -(1/2)((6rq + p\sqrt{2rq})/\sqrt{(pq + 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}(p^2 - 18rq))$, $c = 5/6$, $\lambda = \pm(1/\sqrt{2}) \times \sqrt{(6p^2a - 108arq - 5p^2b + 90rbq)/(p + 3\sqrt{2rq})/(6p^2a - 108arq - 5p^2b + 90rbq)}$,

$$(8) \begin{aligned} a_0 &= -1/2, a_1 = -(1/2)\sqrt{(pq + 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}, \\ b_1 &= (1/2)((6rq + p\sqrt{2rq})/ \\ &\sqrt{(pq + 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}(p^2 - 18rq)), \\ c &= 5/6, \lambda = \pm(1/\sqrt{2}) \\ &\times \sqrt{(6p^2a - 108arq - 5p^2b + 90rbq)(p + 3\sqrt{2rq})/} \\ &(6p^2a - 108arq - 5p^2b + 90rbq), \end{aligned}$$

$$(9) \begin{aligned} a_0 &= -1/2, a_1 = (1/2)\sqrt{(pq - 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}, \\ b_1 &= -(1/2)((-6rq + p\sqrt{2rq})/ \\ &\sqrt{(pq - 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}(p^2 - 18rq)), \\ c &= 5/6, \lambda = \pm(1/\sqrt{2}) \\ &\times \sqrt{(-10p^2b + 180rbq + 12p^2a - 216arq)(p - 3\sqrt{2rq})/} \\ &(6p^2a - 108arq - 5p^2b + 90rbq), \end{aligned}$$

$$(10) \begin{aligned} a_0 &= -1/2, a_1 = -(1/2)\sqrt{(pq - 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}, \\ b_1 &= (1/2)((-6rq + p\sqrt{2rq})/ \\ &\sqrt{(pq - 3q\sqrt{2rq})/(18rq - p^2)}(p^2 - 18rq)), \\ c &= 5/6, \lambda = \pm(1/\sqrt{2}) \\ &\times \sqrt{(-10p^2b + 180rbq + 12p^2a - 216arq)(p - 3\sqrt{2rq})/} \\ &(6p^2a - 108arq - 5p^2b + 90rbq). \end{aligned}$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 1, q = -2,$ and $r = 0,$ and the sets of solutions (1)–(10), we get

$$\begin{aligned} u_1(x, t) &= 0, \\ u_2(x, t) &= a_0, \quad \forall a_0 \in R, \end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

for $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{3,4}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \end{aligned} \tag{10}$$

for $a < (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{5,6}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{sec} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right). \end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = -2, q = 2,$ and $r = 1,$ and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get for $a < (5/6)b$

$$u_{7,8}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \tanh \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right),$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{9,10}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{coth} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{11,12}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{4} \tanh \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\ &\pm \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{coth} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{13,14}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\ &\pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a + 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right). \end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

For $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{15,16}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} i \tan \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{17,18}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} i \cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{19,20}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{4} i \tan \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\ &\pm \frac{1}{4} i \cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{21,22}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{i}{2\sqrt{2}} \tanh \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\ &\mp \frac{i}{2\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a - 5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right). \end{aligned}$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 8, q = 32,$ and $r = 1,$ and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)].$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = -8, q = 32,$ and $r = 1,$ and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)].$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = -(k^2 + 1), q = 2k^2,$ and $r = 1,$ and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{23,24,\dots,30}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{sn} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{ns} \xi,$ where $a_0, a_1,$ and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain for $a > (5/6)b$

$$u_{31,32}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right), \quad (14)$$

for $a < (5/6)b$

$$u_{33,34}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{csc} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right). \quad (15)$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2k^2$, and $r = 1$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{35,36,\dots,42}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{cd} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{dc} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$ we obtain constant solutions, when $k \rightarrow 0$ we obtain, $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2$, and $r = k^2$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{43,44,\dots,50}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{ns} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{sn} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain, $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$, when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = -(k^2 + 1)$, $q = 2$, and $r = k^2$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{51,52,\dots,57}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{dc} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{cd} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain constant solution, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 2k^2 - 1$, $q = -2k^2$, and $r = 1 - k^2$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{58,59,\dots,65}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{cn} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{nc} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$, when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 2k^2 - 1$, $q = 2(1 - k^2)$, and $r = -k^2$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{66,67,\dots,73}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{nc} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{cn} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = -2$, and $r = -(1 - k^2)$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{74,75,\dots,81}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{dn} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{nd} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain constant solutions.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = 2(k^2 - 1)$, and $r = -1$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{82,83,\dots,89}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{nd} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{dn} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain constant solutions.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = 2$, and $r = 1 - k^2$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{90,91,\dots,97}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{cs} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{sc} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$, when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = 2 - k^2$, $q = 2(1 - k^2)$, and $r = 1$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{98,99,\dots,105}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{sc} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{cs} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$, when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8), when $p = -1 + 2k^2$, $q = 2$, and $r = -k^2(1 - k^2)$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{106,107,\dots,113}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{ds} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{sd} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain also $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8), when $p = -1 + 2k^2$, $q = 2k^2(k^2 - 1)$, and $r = 1$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{114,115,\dots,121}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 \operatorname{sd} \xi + b_1 \operatorname{ds} \xi$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain also $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (1+k^2)/2$, $q = (1-k^2)/2$, and $r = (1-k^2)/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{122,123,\dots,129}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1 (\operatorname{sc} \xi \pm \operatorname{nc} \xi) + b_1 (1/(\operatorname{sc} \xi \pm \operatorname{nc} \xi))$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain constant solutions, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$, and for $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{130,131}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \\ &\times \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. \pm \sec \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right), \\ u_{132,133}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \\ &\times \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. \pm \sec \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$u_{134,135}(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + i \times \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm \sec \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{136,137}(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 - i \times \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm \sec \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{138,139}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) + \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) + \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{140,141}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) - \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) - \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{142,143}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) + \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) - \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{144,145}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) - \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(i \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) + \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{146,147}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{4} \times \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm \sec \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) + i \times \left(4 \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \mp \sec \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1},$$

$$u_{148,149}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{4} \times \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm \sec \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) - i \times \left(4 \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \mp \sec \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}.$$

(16)

For $a < (5/6)b$

$$u_{150,151}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \tanh \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right),$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{152,153}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \\
 &\quad \mp \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right), \\
 u_{154,155}(x, t) &= \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + 1 \times \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right.\right. \\
 &\quad \left.\left. \pm i \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1}\right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{156,157}(x, t) &= \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 - 1\right. \\
 &\quad \left. \times \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right.\right. \\
 &\quad \left.\left. \pm i \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1}\right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{158,159}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right) \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{160}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right) \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{161}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right) \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{162,163}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{164}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{165}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{166,167}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \pm i \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \\
 &\quad + 1 \times \left(4 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \left. \pm i \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{168,169}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \pm i \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \\
 &\quad - 1 \times \left(4 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \left. \pm i \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1}.
 \end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = k^2/2$, and $r = 1/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{170,171,\dots,177}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(\operatorname{sn} \xi / (1 \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)) + b_1((1 \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi) / \operatorname{sn} \xi)$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain for $a < (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{178,179}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{180,181}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{182,183}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{\tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{184,185}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{\tanh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{186,187}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{188,189}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 \pm \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{190}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{1 - \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 + \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{191}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{1 + \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right)}{\tanh\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}.
 \end{aligned}$$

For $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{192,193}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + i \frac{\frac{1}{2} \tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{194,195}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\tan \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{196,197}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{i \tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{198,199}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{i \tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{200,201}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + i \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{202,203}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - i \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 \pm \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{204}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + i \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{1 - \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 + \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{205}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - i \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{1 + \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \sec\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)\right)}{i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}.
 \end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

When $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x,t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x,t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 + 1)/2$, $q = (k^2 - 1)/2$, and $r = (1 - k^2)/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{206,207,\dots,213}(x,t) = a_0 + a_1(\text{dn } \xi / (1 \pm k \text{sn } \xi)) + b_1((1 \pm k \text{sn } \xi) / \text{dn } \xi)$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain constant solutions, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain constant solutions.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 + 1)/2$, $q = -1/2$, and $r = -(1 - k^2)^2/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{214,215,\dots,221}(x,t) = a_0 + a_1(k \text{cn } \xi \pm \text{dn } \xi) + b_1/(k \text{cn } \xi \pm \text{dn } \xi)$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{3,4}(x,t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x,t)]$ and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain constant solution.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 + 1)/2$, $q = (1 - k^2)/2$, and $r = (1 - k^2)/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{222,223,\dots,229}(x,t) = a_0 + a_1(\text{cn } \xi / (1 \pm \text{sn } \xi)) + b_1((1 \pm \text{sn } \xi) / \text{cn } \xi)$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain constant solution, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain for $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{230,231}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{232,233}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}, \\
 u_{234,235}(x,t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \frac{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$u_{236,237}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \frac{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{238,239}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm i \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{1 \pm i \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{240,241}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm i \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{1 \pm i \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{242,243}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{4} \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{i + \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$\pm \frac{1}{4} \frac{i - \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{244,245}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{4} \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{i - \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$\pm \frac{1}{4} \frac{i + \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}.$$

For $a < (5/6)b$

$$u_{246,247}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{i \pm \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{248,249}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{i \pm \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{250,251}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{i \pm \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{252,253}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{i \pm \sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{254,255}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{256,257}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

$$u_{258,259}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{4} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}$$

$$- \frac{i}{4} \frac{1 \mp \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)},$$

(20)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{260,261}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{4} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{1 \pm \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \\
 &\quad + \frac{i}{4} \frac{1 \mp \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}.
 \end{aligned} \tag{21}$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (1 - 2k^2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, and $r = k^2/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)-(10), we get $u_{262,263,\dots,269}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(k \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm i \operatorname{dn} \xi) + b_1(1/(k \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm i \operatorname{dn} \xi))$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)-(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{130,131}(x, t), u_{132,133}(x, t), \dots, u_{168,169}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain constant solutions.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = k^2/2$, and $r = k^2/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)-(10), we get $u_{270,271,\dots,277}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(k \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm i \operatorname{cn} \xi) + b_1(1/(k \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm i \operatorname{cn} \xi))$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)-(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{130,131}(x, t), u_{132,133}(x, t), \dots, u_{168,169}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain constant solutions.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, and $r = k^4/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)-(10), we get $u_{278,279,\dots,285}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(\operatorname{ns} \xi \pm \operatorname{ds} \xi) + b_1(1/(\operatorname{ns} \xi \pm \operatorname{ds} \xi))$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)-(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$, and for $a < (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{286,287}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{288,289}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{290,291}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + 1 \\
 &\quad \times \left(2 \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{292,293}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - 1 \\
 &\quad \times \left(2 \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{294,295}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \\
 &\quad + 1 \times \left(4 \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{296,297}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \\
 &\quad - 1 \times \left(4 \left(\coth\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{298,299}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\cot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \pm \operatorname{csc}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \\
 &\quad + \sqrt{2} \times \left(4 \left(\cot\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csc}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \right) \right)^{-1},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
u_{300,301}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \\
&- \sqrt{2} \times \left(4 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
u_{302,303}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \\
&+ \sqrt{2} \times \left(4 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \mp \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
u_{304,305}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \\
&- \sqrt{2} \times \left(4 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \mp \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}. \tag{22}
\end{aligned}$$

For $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
u_{306,307}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
u_{308,309}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right), \\
u_{310,311}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + i \\
&\times \left(2 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
u_{312,313}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - i \\
&\times \left(2 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
u_{314,315}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{4} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \\
&- i \times \left(4 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
u_{316,317}(x, t) &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{4} \\
&\times \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \\
&+ i \times \left(4 \left(\cot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \pm \csc \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1},
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{318,319}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \pm \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\
 &\quad \left. - \sqrt{2}i \times \left(4 \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
 &u_{320,321}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \pm \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\
 &\quad \left. + \sqrt{2}i \times \left(4 \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \left. \pm \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
 &u_{322,323}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \pm \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\
 &\quad \left. - \sqrt{2}i \times \left(4 \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \left. \mp \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}, \\
 &u_{324,325}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \pm \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \\
 &\quad \left. + \sqrt{2}i \times \left(4 \left(\coth \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right. \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. \left. \mp \operatorname{csch} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \right) \right)^{-1}. \tag{23}
 \end{aligned}$$

When $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (1 - 2k^2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, and $r = 1/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{326,327,\dots,333}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(\operatorname{ns} \xi - \operatorname{cs} \xi) + b_1(1/(\operatorname{ns} \xi - \operatorname{cs} \xi))$, where a_0 , a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$ and $[u_{286,287}(x, t), u_{288,289}(x, t), \dots, u_{324,325}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $[u_{7,8}(x, t), u_{9,10}(x, t), \dots, u_{21,22}(x, t)]$ and $[u_{286,287}(x, t), u_{288,289}(x, t), \dots, u_{324,325}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (1 - 2k^2)/2$, $q = 1/2$, and $r = 1/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{334,335,\dots,341}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(\operatorname{cn} \xi / (\sqrt{1 - k^2} \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)) + b_1((\sqrt{1 - k^2} \operatorname{sn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi) / \operatorname{cn} \xi)$, where a_0 , a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$ we obtain constant solutions, when $k \rightarrow 0$ we obtain $[u_{230,231}(x, t), u_{232,233}(x, t), \dots, u_{260,261}(x, t)]$.

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (1 + k^2)/2$, $q = (1 - k^2)^2/2$, and $r = 1/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{342,343,\dots,349}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(\operatorname{sn} \xi / (\operatorname{cn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi)) + b_1((\operatorname{cn} \xi \pm \operatorname{dn} \xi) / \operatorname{sn} \xi)$, where a_0 , a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we get $[u_{31,32}(x, t)$ and $u_{33,34}(x, t)]$, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain for $a > (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{350,351}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\sin \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right)}{\cos \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{352,353}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\sin \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right)}{\cos \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{354,355}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cos \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right) \pm 1}{\sin \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}} \left(x - \frac{5}{6}t \right) \right)} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$u_{356,357}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right),$$

$$u_{358,359}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),$$

$$u_{360,361}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),$$

$$u_{362,363}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1} \right),$$

$$u_{364,365}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1} \right),$$

$$u_{366,367}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1} \right),$$

$$u_{368,369}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1} \right),$$

$$u_{370,371}(x, t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{4}$$

$$\times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{372,373}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{4} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6a-5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right).
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{24}$$

For $a < (5/6)b$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{374,375}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{375,377}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{378,379}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{380,381}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{382,383}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{384,385}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{386,387}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &u_{388,389}(x, t) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 &\quad \times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& u_{390,391}(x, t) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
&\times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1} \right), \\
& u_{392,393}(x, t) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
&\times \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) - 1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) + 1} \right), \\
& u_{394,395}(x, t) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \\
&\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right), \\
& u_{396,397}(x, t) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\
&\times \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1}{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-6a+5b}}\left(x - \frac{5}{6}t\right)\right) \pm 1} \right). \tag{25}
\end{aligned}$$

Using (7), the solution of (8) when $p = (k^2 - 2)/2$, $q = k^2/2$, and $r = 1/4$, and the sets of solutions (3)–(10), we get $u_{398,399,\dots,405}(x, t) = a_0 + a_1(\text{cn } \xi / (\sqrt{1 - k^2} \pm \text{dn } \xi)) + b_1((\sqrt{1 - k^2} \pm \text{dn } \xi) / \text{cn } \xi)$, where a_0, a_1 , and b_1 are defined in the sets of solutions (3)–(10).

Note that, when $k \rightarrow 1$, we get constant solutions, and when $k \rightarrow 0$, we obtain, $[u_{3,4}(x, t)$ and $u_{5,6}(x, t)]$.

4. Conclusion

In this paper, the mapping method has been successfully implemented to find new traveling wave solutions for our new proposed equation, namely, a combined Padé-II and modified Padé-II equation. The results show that this method is a powerful mathematical tool for obtaining exact solutions for our equation. It is also a promising method to solve other nonlinear partial differential equations.

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