Processed human microRNA-overexpression data from GEO, and sequence information from TargetScan, and targetScore from TargetScore

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1 MicroRNA perturbation datasets

We collected 84 Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) series corresponding to 6 platforms, 77 human cells or tissues, and 112 distinct miRNAs. To our knowledge, this is by far the largest miRNA-overexpression data compendium. To automate the data download and processing, we developed a pipeline written in R, making use of the function getGEO from *GEOquery* R/Bioconductor package (Davis and Meltzer [2007]). For each dataset, the pipeline downloads the raw or processed data (if available) and calculates (when necessary) the log fold-change (logFC) in treatment (miRNA transfected) vs (mock) control, taking into account the unique properties of each data. Next, we combined all of the logFC data columns into a single $N \times M$ matrix for all of the N = 19177 Ref-Seq mRNAs (NM_* obtained from UCSC) and M = 286 datasets. Missing data (logFC) for some genes across studies were imputed using impute.knn from *impute* R package (Troyanskaya et al. [2001]). For miRNA transfection data having multiple measurements (in different studies), we picked the one whose logFC correlate the most with the validated targets from mirTarBase Hsu et al. [2011] or average them if no validated target available.

```
$`GEO Series`
```

```
[1] 84
$Platform
[1] 6
$`Cell/Tissue`
[1] 77
```

2 TargetScan context score and PCT

TargetScan context score and PCT for all of the predicted sites (including conserved and nonconserved sites) downloaded from TargetScan website (http://www.targetscan.org/cgi-bin/ targetscan/data_download.cgi?db=vert_61)

```
> targetScanCS <- get_TargetScanHuman_contextScore()
> targetScanPCT <- get_TargetScanHuman_PCT()</pre>
```

```
> head(targetScanCS)
```

	Gene Symbol	Transcript ID	miRNA	3prime	pairing	local AU	positio
1	A1CF	NM_138932	hsa-miR-4711-3p		-0.018	-0.095	-0.10
2	A1CF	NM_138933	hsa-miR-4711-3p		-0.018	-0.095	-0.10
3	A1CF	NM_014576	hsa-miR-4711-3p		-0.018	-0.095	-0.10
4	Alcf	NM_001198820	hsa-miR-4711-3p		-0.018	-0.095	-0.10
5	Alcf	NM_001198819	hsa-miR-4711-3p		-0.018	-0.095	-0.10
6	Alcf	NM_001198818	hsa-miR-4711-3p		-0.018	-0.095	-0.10
	TA SPS	context+ score	context+ score	percent	tile		
1	0.003 0.017	-0.448			99		
2	0.003 0.017	-0.448			99		
3	0.003 0.017	-0.448			99		
4	0.003 0.017	-0.448			99		
5	0.003 0.017	-0.448			99		
6	0.003 0.017	-0.448			99		
> dim(targetScanCS)							
[1] 9569357	10					
> head(targetScanPCT)							
	miB	R Family Gene S	ymbol Transcript	ID PO	СТ		
1		22/22-3p		786 0.0			
2		c/23b-3p		786 0.0			
7	miR-26ab/12	297/4465	A1BG NM_130	786 0.0	0 0		
8	miR-1(01/101ab	A1BG NM_130	786 0.0	0 0		
9	miR-103a/10)7/107ab	A1BG NM_130	786 0.0	0 0		
10	miR-103a/10)7/107ab	A1BG NM_130	786 0.0	09		
			2				

SLC45A1 -0.018655797

3 TargetScore

Encouraged by the superior performance of TargetScore (manuscript in peer-review), we applied TargetScore to all of the transfection data above. For further exploring miRNA targetome and their associations, we enclose the targetScores results in this package.

```
> targetScoreMatrix <- get_precomputed_targetScores()</pre>
> head(names(targetScoreMatrix))
[1] "hsa-miR-34b"
                    "hsa-miR-34c" "hsa-miR-205" "hsa-miR-124" "hsa-miR-1"
[6] "hsa-miR-181a"
> head(targetScoreMatrix[[1]])
               logFC targetScanCS targetScanPCT targetScore
SGIP1
         0.077526011
                              0.00
                                                   0.03489650
                                                0
AGBL4
         0.020639084
                              0.00
                                                0
                                                   0.03388637
NECAP2
         0.078650400
                              0.00
                                                0
                                                   0.03492518
CLIC4
         0.016043400
                             -0.03
                                                   0.24335149
                                                0
        -0.002303429
                              0.00
                                                   0.03417828
ADC
                                                0
```

0.03457975

0

We can reproduce targetScores using the above data as demonstrated in the following example (require *TargetScore* package). As a convenience function, we applied a wrapper function called getTargetScores that does the following: (1) given a miRNA ID, obtain fold-change(s) from logFC.imputed matrix or use the user-supplied fold-changes; (2) retrives TargetScan context score (CS) and PCT (if found); (3) obtain validated targets from the local mirTarBase file; (4) compute targetScore. We apply getTargetScores function using miRNA hsa-miR-1, which we know has all three types of data, namely logFC, targetScan context score, and PCT.

0.00

```
> library(TargetScore)
> library(gplots)
> myTargetScores <- getTargetScores("hsa-miR-1", tol=1e-3, maxiter=200)
> table((myTargetScores$targetScore > 0.1), myTargetScores$validated) # a v
> # obtain all of targetScore for all of the 112 miRNA
>
> logFC.imputed <- get_precomputed_logFC()
> mirIDs <- unique(colnames(logFC.imputed))
>
> # takes time
>
# targetScoreMatrix <- mclapply(mirIDs, getTargetScores)
>
> # names(targetScoreMatrix) <- mirIDs</pre>
```

4 Session Info

> sessionInfo() R version 4.4.0 beta (2024-04-15 r86425) Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-qnu Running under: Ubuntu 22.04.4 LTS Matrix products: default /home/biocbuild/bbs-3.19-bioc/R/lib/libRblas.so BLAS: LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/lapack/liblapack.so.3.10.0 locale: [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8 LC_NUMERIC=C [3] LC_TIME=en_GB LC_COLLATE=C [5] LC MONETARY=en US.UTF-8 LC MESSAGES=en US.UTF-8 [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8 LC_NAME=C [9] LC_ADDRESS=C LC_TELEPHONE=C [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C time zone: America/New York tzcode source: system (glibc) attached base packages: [1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base other attached packages: [1] TargetScoreData_1.40.0 loaded via a namespace (and not attached): [1] compiler_4.4.0 tools_4.4.0

References

- Sean Davis and Paul S Meltzer. GEOquery: a bridge between the Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) and BioConductor. *Bioinformatics (Oxford, England)*, 23(14):1846–1847, July 2007.
- Sheng-Da Hsu, Feng-Mao Lin, Wei-Yun Wu, Chao Liang, Wei-Chih Huang, Wen-Ling Chan, Wen-Ting Tsai, Goun-Zhou Chen, Chia-Jung Lee, Chih-Min Chiu, Chia-Hung Chien, Ming-Chia Wu, Chi-Ying Huang, Ann-Ping Tsou, and Hsien-Da Huang. miRTarBase: a database curates experimentally validated microRNA-target interactions. *Nucleic acids research*, 39 (Database issue):D163–9, January 2011.
- O Troyanskaya, M Cantor, G Sherlock, P Brown, T Hastie, R Tibshirani, D Botstein, and R B Altman. Missing value estimation methods for DNA microarrays. *Bioinformatics (Oxford, England)*, 17(6):520–525, June 2001.