

# On shift desuspensions of Lewis–May–Steinberger spectra

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ABSTRACT. We prove that on suspension Lewis–May–Steinberger spectra, the shift desuspension and the loop spectrum are isomorphic.

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## 1. Introduction

The purpose of this brief note is to record an interesting technical effect in the development of equivariant spectra following [2].

To fix notation, let us review the basic definition: Let  $G$  be a compact Lie group. Then a  $G$ -universe is an infinite-dimensional orthogonal representation of  $G$  which is the direct sum of a set  $R$  of countably many finite-dimensional irreducible representations, such that  $R$  contains a trivial representation, and further contains infinitely many isomorphic copies of every representation it contains.

For a  $G$ -universe  $U$  and a cofinal set  $S$  of finite-dimensional subrepresentations of  $U$ , an  $S$ -indexed Lewis–May–Steinberger spectrum is a collection of based  $G$ -spaces  $E_W$ ,  $W \in S$ , together with  $G$ -equivariant homeomorphisms

$${}_E\rho_V^W = \rho_V^W : E_V \rightarrow \Omega^{W-V} E_W, \quad V \subseteq W, \quad V, W \in S$$

(where  $W - V$  denotes the orthogonal complement) such that

$$(1) \quad \begin{aligned} \rho_V^V &= \text{Id}, \\ \nu \circ \Omega^{W-V} \rho_W^{W'} \circ \rho_V^W &= \rho_V^{W'}, \end{aligned}$$

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where

$$(2) \quad \nu_{W-V, W'-W} = \nu : \Omega^{W-V} \Omega^{W'-W} \cong \Omega^{W'-V}$$

is the canonical isomorphism given by the adjunct of  $F(\phi, ?)$  where  $\phi = \phi_{W-V, W'-W}$  is the 1-point compactification of the isomorphism

$$(W - V) \oplus (W' - W) \cong (W' - V)$$

given by

$$(x, y) \mapsto x + y.$$

One defines a category of  $S$ -indexed prespectra identically with the exception that  $\rho_V^W$  are not required to be homeomorphisms. The forgetful functor from spectra to prespectra has a left adjoint, which is generically denoted by  $L$ .

It is well known ([2], Proposition I.2.4) that the categories of  $S$ -indexed Lewis–May–Steinberger spectra with different cofinal sets  $S$  are canonically equivalent. The analogous statement for prespectra is false.

A key object in our discussion is the functor of *shift desuspension of the suspension spectrum* (Definition I.4.1 of [2]). For a finite-dimensional subrepresentation  $V$  of  $U$  and a based  $G$ -space  $X$ , define

$$\Lambda^V \Sigma^\infty X = LD$$

where  $D$  is the prespectrum defined by

$$D_W = \begin{cases} \Sigma^{W-V} X & \text{when } V \subseteq W \\ * & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

There is a more general functor of shift desuspension  $\Lambda^V$  from spectra to spectra ([2], Definition I.7.1) such that, as the notation suggests,  $\Lambda^V \Sigma^\infty$  is isomorphic to the composition of  $\Lambda^V$  with the suspension spectrum functor ([2], Lemma I.7.3). The shift desuspension is a key ingredient in developing the notion of *weak equivalence of spectra* technically.

It is a somewhat notorious peculiarity of the theory that it is not known (and widely believed false, cf. [3]) that  $\Lambda^V$  is isomorphic to the level-wise loop functor  $\Omega^V$ . The reason is that the obvious level-wise map fails to commute with the structure maps due to a switch of isomorphic representation summands. Of course an analogous statement does hold on the level of the stable category.

The main result of the present note is the following:

**Proposition 1.** *There is a natural isomorphism*

$$\Lambda^V \Sigma^\infty X \cong \Omega^V \Sigma^\infty X.$$

Surprisingly, this has apparently not been observed before, although a step in this direction is the Untwisting lemma 4.5 of the Appendix to [1].

## 2. The proof

Let  $E$  be a Lewis–May–Steinberger spectrum indexed, without loss of generality, on the set  $S(U)$  of all finite-dimensional subrepresentations of  $U$ . Let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional subrepresentation of  $U$ . Let  $E(V)$  be the spectrum indexed on the set  $S(U, V)$  of all finite-dimensional subrepresentations of  $U$  containing  $V$ , given by

$$(3) \quad E(V)_W = E_{W-V} \text{ for } W \in S(U, V)$$

with structure maps

$$E(V)\rho_W^{W'} = E\rho_{W-V}^{W'-V}.$$

To get the identity (1) for  $E(V)$  with  $V, W, W'$  replaced by  $W \subseteq W' \subseteq W''$ ,  $W, W', W'' \in S(U, V)$ , use identity (1) for  $E$  with  $V, W, W'$  replaced by  $W - V, W' - V, W'' - V$ .

**Lemma 2.** *There is a natural isomorphism  $E(V) \cong \Omega^V E$ .*

**Proof:** For  $W \in S(U, V)$ , define the isomorphism

$$E(V)_W \rightarrow \Omega^V E_W$$

to be the structure map

$$E\rho_{W-V}^{W'-V} : E_{W-V} \rightarrow \Omega^V E_W.$$

To prove that this is an isomorphism of spectra, we must prove the commutativity of the following diagram for  $W \subseteq W', W, W' \in S(U, V)$ :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E_{W-V} & \xrightarrow{\rho_{W-V}^{W'-V}} & \Omega^{W'-W} E_{W'-V} \\ \rho_{W-V}^W \downarrow & & \downarrow \Omega^{W'-W} \rho_{W'-V}^{W'} \\ \Omega^V E_W & \xrightarrow{\nu_{W'-W, V}^{-1} \nu_{V, W'-W}(\Omega^V \rho_{W-V}^{W'})} & \Omega^{W'-W} \Omega^V E_{W'}. \end{array}$$

In the diagram,  $\rho$  means  $E\rho$ . By (1), both compositions in the above diagram are equal to  $\nu_{W'-W, V}^{-1} \nu_{V, W'-W} \rho_{W-V}^{W'}$ . In more detail, composing  $\nu_{W'-W, V}$  with the right column with the top row gives  $\nu_{W'-W, V} \circ \Omega^{W'-W} \rho_{W'-V}^{W'} \circ \rho_{W-V}^{W'-V}$ , which is  $\rho_{W-V}^{W'}$  by (1) with  $V, W, W'$  replaced by  $W - V, W' - V, W'$ , respectively. Composing  $\nu_{W'-W, V}$  with the bottom row with the left column gives  $\nu_{V, W'-W} \circ \Omega^V \rho_{W-V}^{W'} \circ \rho_{W-V}^W$  which is  $\rho_{W-V}^{W'}$  by (1) with  $V, W, W'$  replaced by  $W - V, W, W'$ , respectively.  $\square$

By cofinality,  $\Lambda^V \Sigma^\infty$  is naturally isomorphic to the spectrum associated with the  $S(U, V)$ -indexed prespectrum

$$D'(W) = \Sigma^{W-V} X \text{ for } W \in S(U, V),$$

with the same structure maps  $\phi_{W'-W, W-V}$ . Since the  $(?)(W)$  construction makes sense as a functor from  $S(U)$ -indexed prespectra to  $S(U, V)$ -indexed

prespectra, and commutes obviously with spectrification on inclusion prespectra (levelwise, the colimits being of isomorphic diagrams on both sides), we obtain an isomorphism

$$LD' \cong \Sigma^\infty(V).$$

This concludes the proof of the proposition.

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