

# Package ‘pretestcad’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Pretest Probability for Coronary Artery Disease

**Version** 1.1.0

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**Description** An application to calculate a patient's pretest probability (PTP) for obstructive Coronary Artery Disease (CAD) from a collection of guidelines or studies. Guidelines usually comes from the American Heart Association (AHA), American College of Cardiology (ACC) or European Society of Cardiology (ESC). Examples of PTP scores that comes from studies are the 2020 Winther et al. basic, Risk Factor-weighted Clinical Likelihood (RF-CL) and Coronary Artery Calcium Score-weighted Clinical Likelihood (CACS-CL) models <doi:10.1016/j.jacc.2020.09.585>, 2019 Reeh et al. basic and clinical models <doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehy806> and 2017 Fordyce et al. PROMISE Minimal-Risk Tool <doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2016.5501>. As diagnosis of CAD involves a costly and invasive coronary angiography procedure for patients, having a reliable PTP for CAD helps doctors to make better decisions during patient management. This ensures high risk patients can be diagnosed and treated early for CAD while avoiding unnecessary testing for low risk patients.

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**URL** <https://github.com/JauntyJJS/pretestcad>,  
<https://jauntyjjs.github.io/pretestcad/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/JauntyJJS/pretestcad/issues>

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`arg_match0_allow_na`    *Match an argument to a character vector but skip NA*

**Description**

This is equivalent to [arg\\_match](#) but skip NA

**Usage**

```
arg_match0_allow_na(
  arg,
  values,
  arg_nm = rlang:::caller_arg(arg),
  error_call = rlang:::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>arg</code>	A symbol referring to an argument accepting strings.
<code>values</code>	A character vector of possible values that <code>arg</code> can take.
<code>arg_nm</code>	Same as <code>error_arg</code> .
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information.

**Value**

The string supplied to `arg`.

**See Also**

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#), [arg\\_match](#)

## Examples

```
# No error
input = "male"
arg_match0_allow_na(input, values = c("female", "male"))

# Allow NA
input = NA
arg_match0_allow_na(input, values = c("female", "male"))

# Error as M is not female or male
input = "emale"
try(arg_match0_allow_na(input, values = c("female", "male")))
```

`arg_match0_integer`      *Match an argument to a integer vector but skip NA*

## Description

This is equivalent to `arg_match` but an integer variable is needed and skip NA.

## Usage

```
arg_match0_integer(
  arg,
  values,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  arg_nm = rlang::caller_arg(arg),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

<code>arg</code>	A symbol referring to an argument accepting strings.
<code>values</code>	A character vector of possible values that <code>arg</code> can take.
<code>allow_na</code>	Input boolean to determine if NA or NaN is allowed. Default: TRUE
<code>arg_nm</code>	Same as <code>error_arg</code> .
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

## Value

The integer supplied to `arg`.

## Examples

```
# No error
input = 5
arg_match0_integer(input, values = c(0:5))

# Allow NA
input = NA
arg_match0_integer(input, values = c(0:5))

# Error as 0 is not within 0 and 5
input = 6
try(arg_match0_integer(input, values = c(0:5)))

# Error as NULL is not within 0 and 5
input = NULL
try(arg_match0_integer(input, values = c(0:5)))

# Error as NA is not within 0 and 5 and allow_na is FALSE
input = NA
try(arg_match0_integer(input, values = c(0:5), allow_na = FALSE))
```

---

arg\_match0\_no\_na\_error\_message

*Error Message For NA Argument For Non-missing List*

---

## Description

Provides an error message if the argument provided is NA if a non-missing list is provided

## Usage

```
arg_match0_no_na_error_message(
  arg,
  values,
  arg_nm = rlang::caller_arg(arg),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

arg	A symbol referring to an argument accepting strings.
values	A character vector of possible values that <code>arg</code> can take.
arg_nm	Same as <code>error_arg</code> .
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information.

## Value

An error message if the argument provided is NA if a non-missing list is provided. Else it will return NULL invisibly, regardless if `arg` has a match with the elements in `values` or not.

## See Also

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_abort](#)

## Examples

```
# Error as input is NA but value list provided has no NA
input = NA
try(arg_match0_no_na_error_message(input, values = c("female", "male")))

# No error as value list provided has NA
input = NA
arg_match0_allow_na(input, values = c("female", "male", NA))

# No error as input is not NA
input = "male"
arg_match0_allow_na(input, values = c("female", "male", NA))
```

## arg\_match0\_true\_or\_false

*Match an argument to a TRUE or FALSE vector but skip NA*

## Description

This is equivalent to [arg\\_match](#) but a boolean variable is needed and skip NA.

## Usage

```
arg_match0_true_or_false(
  arg,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  arg_nm = rlang::caller_arg(arg),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

<code>arg</code>	A symbol referring to an argument accepting strings.
<code>allow_na</code>	Input boolean to determine if NA or NaN is allowed. Default: TRUE
<code>arg_nm</code>	Same as <code>error_arg</code> .
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information.

**Value**

The TRUE or FALSE value supplied to arg.

**Examples**

```
# No error
input = TRUE
arg_match0_true_or_false(input)

# Allow NA
input = NA
arg_match0_true_or_false(input)

# Error as 0 is not TRUE or FALSE
input = 0
try(arg_match0_true_or_false(input))

# Error as 1 is not TRUE or FALSE
input = 1
try(arg_match0_true_or_false(input))

# Error as NULL is not TRUE or FALSE
input = NULL
try(arg_match0_true_or_false(input))

# Error as NA is not TRUE or FALSE and allow_na is FALSE
input = NA
try(arg_match0_true_or_false(input, allow_na = FALSE))
```

**calculate\_aha\_2012\_tbl\_9\_ptp**

*Calculate ACCF/AHA/ACP/AATS/PCNA/SCAI/STS 2012 PTP for obstructive CAD*

**Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the American College of Cardiology Foundation, American Heart Association, American College of Physicians, American Association for Thoracic Surgery, Preventive Cardiovascular Nurses Association, Society for Cardiovascular Angiography and Interventions, and Society of Thoracic Surgeons 2012 guidelines.

**Usage**

```
calculate_aha_2012_tbl_9_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  output = c("numeric", "percentage"),
```

```

label_sex_male = c("male"),
label_sex_female = c("female"),
label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters label_sex_male, label_sex_female and label_sex_unknown.
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, label_cpt_nonanginal, label_cpt_atypical, label_cpt_typical and label_cpt_unknown.
output	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: c("numeric", "percentage") <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).</li> <li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li> </ul>
label_sex_male	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: c("male")
label_sex_female	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: c("female")
label_sex_unknown	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_cpt_nonanginal	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: c("nonanginal")
label_cpt_atypical	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: c("atypical")
label_cpt_typical	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: c("typical")
label_cpt_unknown	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: c(NA, NaN)

## Details

The predictive model used to create the guidelines are based on patients from the Diamond and Forrester and the Coronary Artery Surgery Study.

## Value

An integer or percentage representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the ACCF/AHA/ACP/AATS/PCNA/SCAI 2012 guidelines.

## Examples

```
# 35 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_aha_2012_tbl_9_ptp(
  age = 35,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  output = "percentage"
)

# 65 year old male with nonanginal chest pain
calculate_aha_2012_tbl_9_ptp(
  age = 65,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal",
  output = "percentage"
)
```

### calculate\_aha\_2021\_ptp

*Calculate AHA/ACC 2021 PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the American Heart Association/American College of Cardiology (AHA/ACC) 2021 guidelines.

## Usage

```
calculate_aha_2021_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  have_dyspnoea,
  have_chest_pain,
  output = c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage"),
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyspnoea_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyspnoea_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyspnoea_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_chest_pain_no = c("no"),
  label_have_chest_pain_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_chest_pain_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
have_dyspnoea	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code> .
have_chest_pain	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_chest_pain_no</code> , <code>label_have_chest_pain_yes</code> and <code>label_have_chest_pain_unknown</code> .
output	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: <code>c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage")</code> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• grouping means the PTP will be expressed as Low, Intermediate and High. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– very low if PTP is less than 5%.</li> <li>– low if PTP is in between 5% to 15%.</li> <li>– intermediate if PTP is in between 15% to 50%.</li> <li>– high if PTP is more than 50%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).</li> <li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li> </ul>
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code>	Label(s) for patient having no dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
<code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code>	Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
<code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_have_chest_pain_no</code>	Label(s) for patient not having chest pain symptoms. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
<code>label_have_chest_pain_yes</code>	Label(s) for patient having chest pain symptoms. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
<code>label_have_chest_pain_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient with unknown chest pain symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Details

The predictive model used to create the guidelines are based on patients from European countries with low cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk.

If the patient has both dyspnoea and a particular chest pain type (typical, atypical, nonanginal), The chest pain type will take precedence over dyspnoea

**Value**

An integer, percentage or category representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the AHA/ACC 2021 guidelines. See parameter option output for more information.

**Examples**

```
# 35 year old female with chest pain
calculate_aha_2021_ptp(
  age = 35,
  sex = "female",
  have_dyspnoea = "no",
  have_chest_pain = "yes",
  output = "percentage"
)

# 75 year old male with only dyspnoea
calculate_aha_2021_ptp(
  age = 75,
  sex = "male",
  have_dyspnoea = "yes",
  have_chest_pain = "no",
  output = "percentage"
)
```

**calculate\_cad1\_2011\_ptp**

*Calculate 2011 CAD1 Basic PTP for obstructive CAD*

**Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2011 CAD Consortium 1 (CAD1) basic model.

**Usage**

```
calculate_cad1_2011_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

<code>age</code>	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
<code>sex</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
<code>chest_pain_type</code>	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients from 14 hospitals in Europe and the United States.

This model is also called the updated Diamond-Forrester model.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2011 CAD Consortium 1 (CAD1) basic model.

## Examples

```
# 40 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_cad1_2011_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical"
)
```

---

**calculate\_cad2\_2012\_basic\_ptp***Calculate 2012 CAD2 Basic PTP for obstructive CAD*

---

**Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2012 CAD Consortium 2 (CAD2) basic model.

**Usage**

```
calculate_cad2_2012_basic_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

**Arguments**

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients from 18 hospitals in Europe and the United States.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2012 CAD Consortium 2 (CAD2) basic model.

## Examples

```
# 40 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_cad2_2012_basic_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical"
)
```

## calculate\_cad2\_2012\_clinical\_ccs\_ptp

*Calculate 2012 CAD2 Clinical and CCS PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2012 CAD Consortium 2 (CAD2) clinical and coronary calcium score (CCS) model.

## Usage

```
calculate_cad2_2012_clinical_ccs_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_smoking_history,
  coronary_calcium_score,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
```

```

label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_diabetes_no</code> , <code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code> .
have_hypertension	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_hypertension_no</code> , <code>label_have_hypertension_yes</code> and <code>label_have_hypertension_unknown</code> .
have_dyslipidemia	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown</code> .
have_smoking_history	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_smoking_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_smoking_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_smoking_history_unknown</code> .
coronary_calcium_score	Input non-negative numeric to indicate the total coronary calcium score of the patient.
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

```

label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients from 18 hospitals in Europe and the United States.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2012 CAD Consortium 2 (CAD2) clinical and coronary calcium score (CCS) model.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain,
# diabetes but no hypertension, dyslipidemia,
# a non-smoker and a coronary calcium score of 0
calculate_cad2_2012_clinical_ccs_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",

```

```

coronary_calcium_score = 0
)

```

**calculate\_cad2\_2012\_clinical\_ptp***Calculate 2012 CAD2 Clinical PTP for obstructive CAD***Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2012 CAD Consortium 2 (CAD2) clinical model.

**Usage**

```

calculate_cad2_2012_clinical_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_smoking_history,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

**Arguments**

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
-----	--

**sex** The value of variable in the parameters `label_sex_male`, `label_sex_female` and `label_sex_unknown`.

**chest\_pain\_type** The value of variable in the parameters, `label_cpt_nonanginal`, `label_cpt_atypical`, `label_cpt_typical` and `label_cpt_unknown`.

**have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**have\_hypertension** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

**have\_dyslipidemia** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_dyslipidemia_no`, `label_have_dyslipidemia_yes` and `label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown`.

**have\_smoking\_history** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_smoking_history_no`, `label_have_smoking_history_yes` and `label_have_smoking_history_unknown`.

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female** Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown** Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_cpt\_nonanginal** Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

**label\_cpt\_atypical** Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

**label\_cpt\_typical** Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

**label\_cpt\_unknown** Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_no** Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_yes** Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_unknown** Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_no** Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_yes** Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_unknown** Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_no** Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients from 18 hospitals in Europe and the United States.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2012 CAD Consortium 2 (CAD2) clinical model.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain,
# diabetes but no hypertension, dyslipidemia
# and a non-smoker
calculate_cad2_2012_clinical_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no"
)


```

## calculate\_confirm\_2015\_num\_of\_rf

*Calculate Number Of Risk Factors (CONFIRM 2015)*

## Description

A function used to calculate the number of risk factors the patient has. This is used to calculate the pretest probability of coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the 2015 CONFIRM Risk Score.

**Usage**

```
calculate_confirm_2015_num_of_rf(
  have_typical_chest_pain,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_family_history,
  is_current_smoker,
  max_na = 0,
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_no = c("no"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_is_current_smoker_no = c("no"),
  label_is_current_smoker_yes = c("yes"),
  label_is_current_smoker_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

- have\_typical\_chest\_pain**  
 The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_typical_chest_pain_no`,  
`label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes` and `label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown`.
- have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.
- have\_hypertension**  
 The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.
- have\_family\_history**  
 The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_family_history_no`, `label_have_family_history_yes` and `label_have_family_history_unknown`.
- is\_current\_smoker**  
 The value of variable in the parameters `label_is_current_smoker_no`, `label_is_current_smoker_yes` and `label_is_current_smoker_unknown`.
- max\_na** Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0
- label\_have\_typical\_chest\_pain\_no**  
 Label(s) for patient not having typical chest pain symptom. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes
    Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain symptom. Default: c("yes")
label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown typical chest pain symptom.
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_family_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: c("no")
label_have_family_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: c("yes")
label_have_family_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: c(NA,
        NaN)
label_is_current_smoker_no
    Label(s) for patients who are not current smokers. Default: c("no")
label_is_current_smoker_yes
    Label(s) for patients who are current smokers. Default: c("yes")
label_is_current_smoker_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown smoking status.
error_call      The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. caller_env().
                The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See
                the call argument of abort() for more information.

```

## Value

An integer indicating the number of risk factors the patient has. It can also be NA if the number of missing risk factors exceeds the `max_na` input value

## Examples

```

calculate_confirm_2015_num_of_rf(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "yes",
  have_family_history = "yes",
  is_current_smoker = "no"
)

```

```

calculate_confirm_2015_num_of_rf(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "no",
  have_diabetes = "no",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_family_history = NA,
  is_current_smoker = "no",
  max_na = 0
)

calculate_confirm_2015_num_of_rf(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "no",
  have_diabetes = "no",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_family_history = NA,
  is_current_smoker = "no",
  max_na = 1
)

```

**calculate\_confirm\_2015\_ptp***Calculate 2015 CONFIRM Risk Score for obstructive CAD***Description**

This function returns a patient's risk score for obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2015 CONFIRM Risk Score.

**Usage**

```

calculate_confirm_2015_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  have_typical_chest_pain,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_family_history,
  is_current_smoker,
  max_na_num_of_rf = 0,
  output = c("text", "percentage"),
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_no = c("no"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),

```

```

label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_is_current_smoker_no = c("no"),
label_is_current_smoker_yes = c("yes"),
label_is_current_smoker_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters label_sex_male, label_sex_female and label_sex_unknown.
have_typical_chest_pain	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_typical_chest_pain_no, label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes and label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown.
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_diabetes_no, label_have_diabetes_yes and label_have_diabetes_unknown.
have_hypertension	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_hypertension_no, label_have_hypertension_yes and label_have_hypertension_unknown.
have_family_history	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_family_history_no, label_have_family_history_yes and label_have_family_history_unknown.
is_current_smoker	The value of variable in the parameters label_is_current_smoker_no, label_is_current_smoker_yes and label_is_current_smoker_unknown.
max_na_num_of_rf	Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0
output	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: c("text", "percentage") <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• text means the PTP will be expressed as a probability in text (0 to &gt; 82.4).</li> <li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li> </ul>
label_sex_male	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: c("male")
label_sex_female	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: c("female")
label_sex_unknown	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_typical_chest_pain_no	Label(s) for patient not having typical chest pain symptom. Default: c("no")

```

label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes
    Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain symptom. Default: c("yes")
label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown typical chest pain symptom.
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_family_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: c("no")
label_have_family_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: c("yes")
label_have_family_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_is_current_smoker_no
    Label(s) for patients who are not current smokers. Default: c("no")
label_is_current_smoker_yes
    Label(s) for patients who are current smokers. Default: c("yes")
label_is_current_smoker_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown smoking status.

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on CCTA images from 9093 patients from Phase I of the Coronary CT Angiography EvaluatioN For Clinical Outcomes: An InteRnational Multicenter (CONFIRM) registry.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's risk score for obstructive CAD based on the 2015 CONFIRM Risk Score.

## Examples

```

# 30 years old male current smoker with typical chest pain
calculate_confirm_2015_ptp(
  age = 30,
  sex = "male",

```

```

have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
have_diabetes = "no",
have_hypertension = "no",
have_family_history = "no",
is_current_smoker = "yes",
max_na_num_of_rf = 0,
output = "percentage"
)

```

**calculate\_dcs\_1993\_lm\_cad\_ptp***Calculate 1993 Duke Clinical Score for Left Main Disease***Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of severe (>75% luminal diameter narrowing of the left main coronary artery) coronary artery disease based on the 1993 Duke Clinical Score.

**Usage**

```

calculate_dcs_1993_lm_cad_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  have_typical_chest_pain,
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease,
  have_cerebrovascular_disease,
  have_carotid_bruits,
  duration_of_cad_symptoms_year,
  max_na_vascular_disease_index = 0,
  max_age = 65,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_no = c("no"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_pvd_no = c("no"),
  label_have_pvd_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_pvd_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_cvd_no = c("no"),
  label_have_cvd_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_cvd_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_carotid_bruits_no = c("no"),
  label_have_carotid_bruits_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

**Arguments**

**age** Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.

**sex** The value of variable in the parameters `label_sex_male`, `label_sex_female` and `label_sex_unknown`.

**have\_typical\_chest\_pain** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_typical_chest_pain_no`, `label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes` and `label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown`.

**have\_peripheral\_vascular\_disease** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_pvd_no`, `label_have_pvd_yes` and `label_have_pvd_unknown`.

**have\_cerebrovascular\_disease** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_cvd_no`, `label_have_cvd_yes` and `label_have_cvd_unknown`.

**have\_carotid\_bruits** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_carotid_bruits_no`, `label_have_carotid_bruit` and `label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown`.

**duration\_of\_cad\_symptoms\_year** Input integer to indicate the duration of coronary artery disease symptoms in years.

**max\_na\_vascular\_disease\_index** Input integer 0 to 3 to indicate the maximum number of missing disease history to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**max\_age** Input positive integer to indicate the maximum age to tolerate before outputting an NA. In the Duke Clinical Score 1993 paper, the maximum value is set as 65. Default: 65

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female** Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown** Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_typical\_chest\_pain\_no** Label(s) for patient not having typical chest pain symptom. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_typical\_chest\_pain\_yes** Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain symptom. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_typical\_chest\_pain\_unknown** Label(s) for patient having unknown typical chest pain symptom.

**label\_have\_pvd\_no** Label(s) for patient not having peripheral vascular disease. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_pvd\_yes** Label(s) for patient having peripheral vascular disease. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_pvd\_unknown** Label(s) for patient having unknown peripheral vascular disease. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_cvd\_no** Label(s) for patient not having cerebrovascular disease. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_cvd_yes
    Label(s) for patient having cerebrovascular disease. Default: c("yes")
label_have_cvd_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown cerebrovascular disease. Default: c(NA,
NaN)
label_have_carotid_bruits_no
    Label(s) for patient not having carotid bruits. Default: c("no")
label_have_carotid_bruits_yes
    Label(s) for patient having carotid bruits. Default: c("yes")
label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown carotid bruits. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients referred for cardiac catheterisation between 1969 and 1983.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for left main disease (>75% luminal diameter narrowing of the left main coronary artery) based on the 1993 Duke Clinical Score.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain for one year,
# She has peripheral vascular and cerebrovascular disease.

calculate_dcs_1993_lm_cad_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease = "yes",
  have_cerebrovascular_disease = "yes",
  have_carotid_bruits = "no",
  duration_of_cad_symptoms_year = 1,
)

```

## calculate\_dcs\_1993\_pain\_index

*Calculate The Pain Index For Duke Clinical Score 1993*

## Description

A function used to calculate the patient's pain index. This is used to calculate the likelihood of severe coronary artery disease in the Duke Clinical Score 1993 paper.

**Usage**

```
calculate_dcs_1993_pain_index(
  have_typical_chest_pain,
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week,
  have_progressive_angina,
  have_nocturnal_angina,
  have_q_waves,
  have_st_t_changes,
  max_na = 0,
  max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 35,
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_no = c("no"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_progressive_angina_no = c("no"),
  label_have_progressive_angina_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_progressive_angina_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_nocturnal_angina_no = c("no"),
  label_have_nocturnal_angina_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_nocturnal_angina_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_q_waves_no = c("no"),
  label_have_q_waves_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_q_waves_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_st_t_changes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_st_t_changes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_st_t_changes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>have_typical_chest_pain</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_typical_chest_pain_no</code> , <code>label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes</code> and <code>label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown</code> .
<code>frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week</code>	Input integer to indicate the patient's frequency of angina per week.
<code>have_progressive_angina</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_progressive_angina_no</code> , <code>label_have_progressive_angina_yes</code> and <code>label_have_progressive_angina_unknown</code> .
<code>have_nocturnal_angina</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_nocturnal_angina_no</code> , <code>label_have_nocturnal_angina_yes</code> and <code>label_have_nocturnal_angina_unknown</code> .
<code>have_q_waves</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_q_waves_no</code> , <code>label_have_q_waves_yes</code> and <code>label_have_q_waves_unknown</code> .
<code>have_st_t_changes</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_st_t_changes_no</code> , <code>label_have_st_t_changes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_st_t_changes_unknown</code> .
<code>max_na</code>	Input integer 0 to 6 to indicate the maximum number of missing symptoms to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

`max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week`  
 Input non-negative integer to indicate the maximum frequency angina per week to tolerate before outputting an NA. In the Duke Clinical Score 1993 paper, the maximum value is set as 35. Default: 35

`label_have_typical_chest_pain_no`  
 Label(s) for patient not having typical chest pain symptom. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_typical_chest_pain_yes`  
 Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain symptom. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_typical_chest_pain_unknown`  
 Label(s) for patient having unknown typical chest pain symptom.

`label_have_progressive_angina_no`  
 Label(s) for patient not having progressive angina. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_progressive_angina_yes`  
 Label(s) for patient having progressive angina. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_progressive_angina_unknown`  
 Label(s) for patient having unknown progressive angina. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_nocturnal_angina_no`  
 Label(s) for patient not having nocturnal angina. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_nocturnal_angina_yes`  
 Label(s) for patient having nocturnal angina. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_nocturnal_angina_unknown`  
 Label(s) for patient having unknown nocturnal angina. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_q_waves_no`  
 Label(s) for patient not having Q waves on ECG. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_q_waves_yes`  
 Label(s) for patient having Q waves on ECG. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_q_waves_unknown`  
 Label(s) for patient with unknown Q waves on ECG. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_st_t_changes_no`  
 Label(s) for patient not having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_st_t_changes_yes`  
 Label(s) for patient having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_st_t_changes_unknown`  
 Label(s) for patient with unknown ST-T changes on ECG. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`error_call` The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. `caller_env()`. The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the `call` argument of [abort\(\)](#) for more information.

### Value

An integer indicating the patient's pain index. It can also be NA if the number of missing symptoms exceeds the `max_na` input value or the frequency of angina per week exceed the `max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week` input value.

## Examples

```

calculate_dcs_1993_pain_index(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 10,
  have_progressive_angina = "yes",
  have_nocturnal_angina = "no",
  have_q_waves = "no",
  have_st_t_changes = "no",
  max_na = 0,
  max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 35
)

calculate_dcs_1993_pain_index(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 10,
  have_progressive_angina = "yes",
  have_nocturnal_angina = NA,
  have_q_waves = "no",
  have_st_t_changes = "no",
  max_na = 0,
  max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 35
)

calculate_dcs_1993_pain_index(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 10,
  have_progressive_angina = "yes",
  have_nocturnal_angina = NA,
  have_q_waves = "no",
  have_st_t_changes = "no",
  max_na = 1,
  max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 35
)

calculate_dcs_1993_pain_index(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 40,
  have_progressive_angina = "yes",
  have_nocturnal_angina = "no",
  have_q_waves = "no",
  have_st_t_changes = "no",
  max_na = 0,
  max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 35
)

calculate_dcs_1993_pain_index(
  have_typical_chest_pain = "yes",
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 40,
  have_progressive_angina = "yes",
  have_nocturnal_angina = "no",
  have_q_waves = "no",
  have_st_t_changes = "no",
)

```

```

max_na = 0,
max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = NA
)

```

**calculate\_dcs\_1993\_risk\_factor\_index***Calculate The Risk Factor Index For Duke Clinical Score 1993***Description**

A function used to calculate the patient's risk factor index. This is used to calculate the likelihood of severe coronary artery disease in the Duke Clinical Score 1993 paper.

**Usage**

```

calculate_dcs_1993_risk_factor_index(
  have_hypertension,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_diabetes,
  max_na = 0,
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)

```

**Arguments****have\_hypertension**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

**have\_dyslipidemia**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_dyslipidemia_no`, `label_have_dyslipidemia_yes` and `label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown`.

**have\_diabetes**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**max\_na**

Input integer 0 to 3 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**label\_have\_hypertension\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
error_call      The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. caller_env().
                The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See
                the call argument of abort\(\) for more information.

```

### Value

An integer indicating the patient's risk factor index. It can also be NA if the number of missing risk factors exceeds the `max_na` input value.

### Examples

```

calculate_dcs_1993_risk_factor_index(
  have_hypertension = "yes",
  have_dyslipidemia = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "no"
)

calculate_dcs_1993_risk_factor_index(
  have_hypertension = NA,
  have_dyslipidemia = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "no",
  max_na = 0
)

calculate_dcs_1993_risk_factor_index(
  have_hypertension = NA,
  have_dyslipidemia = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "no",
  max_na = 1
)

```

---

**calculate\_dcs\_1993\_severe\_cad\_ptp**

*Calculate 1993 Duke Clinical Score for Severe CAD*

---

**Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of severe (>75% luminal diameter narrowing of all three major coronary arteries or of the left main coronary artery) coronary artery disease based on the 1993 Duke Clinical Score.

**Usage**

```
calculate_dcs_1993_severe_cad_ptp(  
  age,  
  sex,  
  chest_pain_type,  
  have_progressive_angina,  
  have_nocturnal_angina,  
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease,  
  have_cerebrovascular_disease,  
  have_carotid_bruits,  
  have_hypertension,  
  have_dyslipidemia,  
  have_diabetes,  
  have_q_waves,  
  have_st_t_changes,  
  frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week,  
  duration_of_cad_symptoms_year,  
  max_na_risk_factor_index = 0,  
  max_na_pain_index = 0,  
  max_na_vascular_disease_index = 0,  
  max_frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 35,  
  label_sex_male = c("male"),  
  label_sex_female = c("female"),  
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),  
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),  
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),  
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_progressive_angina_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_progressive_angina_yes = c("yes"),  
  label_have_progressive_angina_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_nocturnal_angina_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_nocturnal_angina_yes = c("yes"),  
  label_have_nocturnal_angina_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_pvd_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_pvd_yes = c("yes"),
```

```

label_have_pvd_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_cvd_no = c("no"),
label_have_cvd_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_cvd_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_carotid_bruits_no = c("no"),
label_have_carotid_bruits_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_q_waves_no = c("no"),
label_have_q_waves_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_q_waves_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_st_t_changes_no = c("no"),
label_have_st_t_changes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_st_t_changes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
have_progressive_angina	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_progressive_angina_no</code> , <code>label_have_progressive_angina_yes</code> and <code>label_have_progressive_angina_unknown</code> .
have_nocturnal_angina	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_nocturnal_angina_no</code> , <code>label_have_nocturnal_angina_yes</code> and <code>label_have_nocturnal_angina_unknown</code> .
have_peripheral_vascular_disease	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_pvd_no</code> , <code>label_have_pvd_yes</code> and <code>label_have_pvd_unknown</code> .
have_cerebrovascular_disease	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_cvd_no</code> , <code>label_have_cvd_yes</code> and <code>label_have_cvd_unknown</code> .
have_carotid_bruits	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_carotid_bruits_no</code> , <code>label_have_carotid_bruit_yes</code> and <code>label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown</code> .

**have\_hypertension**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

**have\_dyslipidemia**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_dyslipidemia_no`, `label_have_dyslipidemia_yes` and `label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown`.

**have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**have\_q\_waves** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_q_waves_no`, `label_have_q_waves_yes` and `label_have_q_waves_unknown`.

**have\_st\_t\_changes**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_st_t_changes_no`, `label_have_st_t_changes_yes` and `label_have_st_t_changes_unknown`.

**frequency\_of\_angina\_pain\_per\_week**  
Input integer to indicate the patient's frequency of angina per week.

**duration\_of\_cad\_symptoms\_year**  
Input integer to indicate the duration of coronary artery disease symptoms in years.

**max\_na\_risk\_factor\_index**  
Input integer 0 to 3 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**max\_na\_pain\_index**  
Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing symptoms to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**max\_na\_vascular\_disease\_index**  
Input integer 0 to 3 to indicate the maximum number of missing disease history to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**max\_frequency\_of\_angina\_pain\_per\_week**  
Input non-negative integer to indicate the maximum frequency angina per week to tolerate before outputting an NA. In the Duke Clinical Score 1993 paper, the maximum value is set as 35. Default: 35

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_cpt\_nonanginal**  
Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

**label\_cpt\_atypical**  
Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

**label\_cpt\_typical**  
Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

**label\_cpt\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

```

label_have_progressive_angina_no
    Label(s) for patient not having progressive angina. Default: c("no")
label_have_progressive_angina_yes
    Label(s) for patient having progressive angina. Default: c("yes")
label_have_progressive_angina_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown progressive angina. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_nocturnal_angina_no
    Label(s) for patient not having nocturnal angina. Default: c("no")
label_have_nocturnal_angina_yes
    Label(s) for patient having nocturnal angina. Default: c("yes")
label_have_nocturnal_angina_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown nocturnal angina. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_pvd_no
    Label(s) for patient not having peripheral vascular disease. Default: c("no")
label_have_pvd_yes
    Label(s) for patient having peripheral vascular disease. Default: c("yes")
label_have_pvd_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown peripheral vascular disease. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_have_cvd_no
    Label(s) for patient not having cerebrovascular disease. Default: c("no")
label_have_cvd_yes
    Label(s) for patient having cerebrovascular disease. Default: c("yes")
label_have_cvd_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown cerebrovascular disease. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_have_carotid_bruits_no
    Label(s) for patient not having carotid bruits. Default: c("no")
label_have_carotid_bruits_yes
    Label(s) for patient having carotid bruits. Default: c("yes")
label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown carotid bruits. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

```

label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_q_waves_no
    Label(s) for patient not having Q waves on ECG. Default: c("no")
label_have_q_waves_yes
    Label(s) for patient having Q waves on ECG. Default: c("yes")
label_have_q_waves_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown Q waves on ECG. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_st_t_changes_no
    Label(s) for patient not having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c("no")
label_have_st_t_changes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c("yes")
label_have_st_t_changes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients referred for cardiac catheterisation between 1969 and 1983.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for severe (>75% luminal diameter narrowing of all three major coronary arteries or of the left main coronary artery) CAD based on the 1993 Duke Clinical Score.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain for one year,
# She has progressive angina but no nocturnal angina.
# Angina pain lasted at most five times a week.
# She has peripheral vascular and cerebrovascular disease.
# She has hypertension but has no dyslipidemia and not diabetic.
# She has Q waves and ST-T changes on ECG.

calculate_dcs_1993_severe_cad_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_progressive_angina = "yes",
  have_nocturnal_angina = "no",
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease = "yes",
  have_cerebrovascular_disease = "yes",
  have_carotid_bruits = "no",
  have_hypertension = "yes",

```

```

have_dyslipidemia = "no",
have_diabetes = "no",
have_q_waves = "yes",
have_st_t_changes = "yes",
frequency_of_angina_pain_per_week = 5,
duration_of_cad_symptoms_year = 1,
)

```

**calculate\_dcs\_1993\_sig\_cad\_ptp***Calculate 1993 Duke Clinical Score for Significant CAD***Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of significant (>75% luminal diameter narrowing of at least one major coronary artery) coronary artery disease based on the 1993 Duke Clinical Score.

**Usage**

```

calculate_dcs_1993_sig_cad_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_mi,
  have_smoking_history,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_diabetes,
  have_q_waves,
  have_st_t_changes,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_mi_no = c("no"),
  label_have_mi_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_mi_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),

```

```

label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_q_waves_no = c("no"),
label_have_q_waves_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_q_waves_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_st_t_changes_no = c("no"),
label_have_st_t_changes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_st_t_changes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
have_mi	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_mi_no</code> , <code>label_have_mi_yes</code> and <code>label_have_mi_unknown</code> .
have_smoking_history	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_smoking_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_smoking_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_smoking_history_unknown</code> .
have_dyslipidemia	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown</code> .
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_diabetes_no</code> , <code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code> .
have_q_waves	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_q_waves_no</code> , <code>label_have_q_waves_yes</code> and <code>label_have_q_waves_unknown</code> .
have_st_t_changes	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_st_t_changes_no</code> , <code>label_have_st_t_changes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_st_t_changes_unknown</code> .
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>

```

label_cpt_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_have_mi_no
    Label(s) for patient not having a previous history of MI. Default: c("no")
label_have_mi_yes
    Label(s) for patient having a previous history of MI. Default: c("yes")
label_have_mi_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown previous history of MI. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
    c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_q_waves_no
    Label(s) for patient not having Q waves on ECG. Default: c("no")
label_have_q_waves_yes
    Label(s) for patient having Q waves on ECG. Default: c("yes")
label_have_q_waves_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown Q waves on ECG. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_st_t_changes_no
    Label(s) for patient not having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c("no")
label_have_st_t_changes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c("yes")
label_have_st_t_changes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients referred for cardiac catheterisation between 1969 and 1983.

**Value**

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for significant (>75% luminal diameter narrowing of at least one major coronary artery) CAD based on the 1993 Duke Clinical Score.

**Examples**

```
# 40 year old female with typical chest pain,
# previous history of MI,
# has diabetes but no dyslipidemia and a non-smoker.
# She has Q waves but no ST-T changes on ECG.

calculate_dcs_1993_sig_cad_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_mi = "yes",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_q_waves = "yes",
  have_st_t_changes = "no"
)
```

**calculate\_dcs\_1993\_vascular\_disease\_index**

*Calculate The Vascular Disease Index For Duke Clinical Score 1993*

**Description**

A function used to calculate the patient's vascular disease index. This is used to calculate the likelihood of severe coronary artery disease in the Duke Clinical Score 1993 paper.

**Usage**

```
calculate_dcs_1993_vascular_disease_index(
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease,
  have_cerebrovascular_disease,
  have_carotid_bruits,
  max_na = 0,
  label_have_pvd_no = c("no"),
  label_have_pvd_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_pvd_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_cvd_no = c("no"),
  label_have_cvd_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_cvd_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_carotid_bruits_no = c("no"),
  label_have_carotid_bruits_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
```

```
error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

### Arguments

have_peripheral_vascular_disease	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_pvd_no</code> , <code>label_have_pvd_yes</code> and <code>label_have_pvd_unknown</code> .
have_cerebrovascular_disease	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_cvd_no</code> , <code>label_have_cvd_yes</code> and <code>label_have_cvd_unknown</code> .
have_carotid_bruits	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_carotid_bruits_no</code> , <code>label_have_carotid_bruits_yes</code> and <code>label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown</code> .
max_na	Input integer 0 to 3 to indicate the maximum number of missing disease history to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0
label_have_pvd_no	Label(s) for patient not having peripheral vascular disease. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
label_have_pvd_yes	Label(s) for patient having peripheral vascular disease. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
label_have_pvd_unknown	Label(s) for patient having unknown peripheral vascular disease. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
label_have_cvd_no	Label(s) for patient not having cerebrovascular disease. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
label_have_cvd_yes	Label(s) for patient having cerebrovascular disease. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
label_have_cvd_unknown	Label(s) for patient having unknown cerebrovascular disease. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
label_have_carotid_bruits_no	Label(s) for patient not having carotid bruits. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
label_have_carotid_bruits_yes	Label(s) for patient having carotid bruits. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
label_have_carotid_bruits_unknown	Label(s) for patient having unknown carotid bruits. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information.

### Value

An integer indicating the patient's vascular disease index. It can also be NA if the number of missing disease history exceeds the `max_na` input value.

## Examples

```
calculate_dcs_1993_vascular_disease_index(
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease = "yes",
  have_cerebrovascular_disease = "yes",
  have_carotid_bruits = "no"
)

calculate_dcs_1993_vascular_disease_index(
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease = NA,
  have_cerebrovascular_disease = "yes",
  have_carotid_bruits = "no",
  max_na = 0
)

calculate_dcs_1993_vascular_disease_index(
  have_peripheral_vascular_disease = NA,
  have_cerebrovascular_disease = "yes",
  have_carotid_bruits = "no",
  max_na = 1
)
```

## calculate\_diamond\_forrester\_1979\_ptp

*Calculate Diamond-Forrester 1979 PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on Diamond-Forrester 1979 model.

## Usage

```
calculate_diamond_forrester_1979_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  output = c("numeric", "percentage"),
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

<code>age</code>	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
<code>sex</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
<code>chest_pain_type</code>	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>output</code>	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: <code>c("numeric", "percentage")</code> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).</li> <li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li> </ul>
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Value

A numeric or percentage representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on Diamond-Forrester 1979 model.

## Examples

```
# 35 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_diamond_forrester_1979_ptp(
  age = 35,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  output = "percentage"
)

# 65 year old male with nonanginal chest pain
calculate_diamond_forrester_1979_ptp(
  age = 65,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal",
  output = "percentage"
)
```

---

**calculate\_esc\_2013\_ptp**

*Calculate ESC 2013 PTP for obstructive CAD*

---

**Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) 2013 guidelines.

**Usage**

```
calculate_esc_2013_ptp(  
  age,  
  sex,  
  chest_pain_type,  
  output = c("numeric", "percentage")  
)
```

**Arguments**

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient.
sex	Input characters (female, male) to indicate the sex of the patient. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• female</li><li>• male</li></ul>
chest_pain_type	Input characters (typical, atypical, nonanginal) to indicate the chest pain characteristics of the patient. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• typical stands for the patient having typical chest pain.</li><li>• atypical stands for the patient having atypical chest pain.</li><li>• nonanginal stands for the patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain.</li></ul>
output	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: c("numeric", "percentage") <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).</li><li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li></ul>

**Details**

The predictive model used to create the guidelines are based on the journal A clinical prediction rule for the diagnosis of coronary artery disease: validation, updating, and extension by 2011 Genders et. al.

**Value**

An integer or percentage representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the ESC 2013 guidelines.

## Examples

```
# 35 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_esc_2013_ptp(
  age = 35,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  output = "percentage"
)

# 65 year old male with nonanginal chest pain
calculate_esc_2013_ptp(
  age = 65,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal",
  output = "percentage"
)
```

### calculate\_esc\_2019\_ptp

*Calculate ESC 2019 PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) 2019 guidelines.

## Usage

```
calculate_esc_2019_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  have_dyspnoea,
  chest_pain_type,
  output = c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage"),
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyspnoea_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyspnoea_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyspnoea_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_no_chest_pain = c("no chest pain"),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
have_dyspnoea	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code> , <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
output	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: <code>c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage")</code> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• grouping means the PTP will be expressed as Low, Intermediate and High.           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– low if PTP is less than 5%.</li> <li>– intermediate if PTP is in between 5% to 15%.</li> <li>– high if PTP is more than 15%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).</li> <li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li> </ul>
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code>	Label(s) for patient having no dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
<code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code>	Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
<code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code>	Label(s) for patient having no chest pain. Default: <code>c("no chest pain")</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Details

The predictive model used to create the guidelines are based on patients from European countries with low cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk.

If the patient has both dyspnoea and a particular chest pain type (typical, atypical, nonanginal), The chest pain type will take precedence over dyspnoea.

### Value

An integer, percentage or category representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the ESC 2019 guidelines. See parameter option output for more information.

### Examples

```
# 35 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_esc_2019_ptp(
  age = 35,
  sex = "female",
  have_dyspnoea = "no",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  output = "percentage"
)

# 75 year old male with only dyspnoea
calculate_esc_2019_ptp(
  age = 75,
  sex = "male",
  have_dyspnoea = "yes",
  chest_pain_type = "no chest pain",
  output = "percentage"
)
```

### calculate\_esc\_2024\_fig\_4\_ptp

*Calculate ESC 2024 PTP for obstructive CAD*

### Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) 2024 guidelines.

### Usage

```
calculate_esc_2024_fig_4_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_dyspnoea,
  have_family_history,
  have_smoking_history,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_hypertension,
  have_diabetes,
  allow_na_symptom_score = TRUE,
  max_na_num_of_rf = 0,
  output = c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage"),
```

```

label_sex_male = c("male"),
label_sex_female = c("female"),
label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_dyspnoea_no = c("no"),
label_have_dyspnoea_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_cpt_no_chest_pain = c("no chest pain"),
label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
<code>chest_pain_type</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code> , <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>have_dyspnoea</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code> .
<code>have_family_history</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_family_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_family_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_family_history_unknown</code> .
<code>have_smoking_history</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_smoking_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_smoking_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_smoking_history_unknown</code> .
<code>have_dyslipidemia</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown</code> .

**have\_hypertension**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

**have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**allow\_na\_symptom\_score**  
A logical evaluating to TRUE or FALSE indicating whether we can allow `chest_pain_type` or `have_dyspnoea` to be NA when calculating the score

**max\_na\_num\_of\_rf**  
Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**output** Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: `c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage")`

- grouping means the PTP will be expressed as Low, Intermediate and High.
  - very low if PTP is less than or equal to 5%.
  - low if PTP is in between 6% to 15%.
  - moderate if PTP is more than 15%.
- numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).
- percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_dyspnoea\_no**  
Label(s) for patient having no dyspnoea symptoms. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_dyspnoea\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea symptoms. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_dyspnoea\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown dyspnoea symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_cpt\_no\_chest\_pain**  
Label(s) for patient having no chest pain. Default: `c("no chest pain")`

**label\_cpt\_nonanginal**  
Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

**label\_cpt\_atypical**  
Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

**label\_cpt\_typical**  
Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

**label\_cpt\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_family_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: c("yes")
label_have_family_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: c(NA,
        NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
        c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Value

An integer, percentage or category representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the ESC 2024 guidelines. See parameter option output for more information.

## Examples

```

# 30 female with symptom score of 0 and 0 risk factors
calculate_esc_2024_fig_4_ptp(
  age = 30,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "no chest pain",
  have_dyspnoea = "no",
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",

```

```

have_hypertension = "no",
have_diabetes = "no",
allow_na_symptom_score = TRUE,
max_na_num_of_rf = 0,
output = "percentage"
)

```

### calculate\_esc\_2024\_fig\_4\_ptp\_simplfied

*Calculate ESC 2024 PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test Probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) 2024 guidelines.

## Usage

```

calculate_esc_2024_fig_4_ptp_simplfied(
  age,
  sex,
  symptom_score,
  num_of_rf,
  output = c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage"),
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input integer value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
symptom_score	An integer indicating the symptom score of the patient. This value can be calculated via the <a href="#">calculate_esc_2024_symptom_score</a>
num_of_rf	An integer indicating the number of risk factors the patient has. This value can be calculated via the <a href="#">calculate_esc_2024_num_of_rf</a> Risk factors are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• having a family history of CAD.</li> <li>• having a smoking history (current and past smoker).</li> <li>• having dyslipidemia.</li> <li>• having hypertension.</li> <li>• having diabetes.</li> </ul>

<code>output</code>	Input text to indicate the how pre-test probability results be expressed Default: <code>c("grouping", "numeric", "percentage")</code>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• grouping means the PTP will be expressed as Low, Intermediate and High.           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– very low if PTP is less than or equal to 5%.</li> <li>– low if PTP is in between 6% to 15%.</li> <li>– moderate if PTP is more than 15%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• numeric means the PTP will be expressed as an integer probability (0-100).</li> <li>• percentage means the PTP will be expressed as percentage text (0-100%).</li> </ul>
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

## Value

An integer, percentage or category representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the ESC 2024 guidelines. See parameter option `output` for more information.

## Examples

```
# 30 female with symptom score of 0 and 0 risk factors
calculate_esc_2024_fig_4_ptp_simplfied(
  age = 30,
  sex = "female",
  symptom_score = 0,
  num_of_rf = 0,
  output = "percentage"
)
```

## calculate\_esc\_2024\_num\_of\_rf

*Calculate Number Of Risk Factors (ESC 2024)*

## Description

A function used to calculate the number of risk factors the patient has. This is used to calculate the pretest probability of coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the ESC 2024 guidelines.

## Usage

```
calculate_esc_2024_num_of_rf(
  have_family_history,
  have_smoking_history,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_hypertension,
  have_diabetes,
  max_na = 0,
  label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

have_family_history	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_family_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_family_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_family_history_unknown</code> .
have_smoking_history	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_smoking_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_smoking_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_smoking_history_unknown</code> .
have_dyslipidemia	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown</code> .
have_hypertension	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_hypertension_no</code> , <code>label_have_hypertension_yes</code> and <code>label_have_hypertension_unknown</code> .
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_diabetes_no</code> , <code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code> .
max_na	Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0
label_have_family_history_no	Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: <code>c("no")</code>

```

label_have_family_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: c("yes")
label_have_family_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: c(NA,
        NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
        c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)
error_call      The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. caller_env().
                The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See
                the call argument of abort\(\) for more information.

```

## Value

An integer indicating the number of risk factors the patient has. It can also be NA if the number of missing risk factors exceeds the `max_na` input value.

## Examples

```

calculate_esc_2024_num_of_rf(
  have_family_history = "yes",
  have_smoking_history = "yes",
  have_dyslipidemia = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "no"
)

```

```

)
calculate_esc_2024_num_of_rf(
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_hypertension = NA,
  have_diabetes = "no",
  max_na = 0
)
calculate_esc_2024_num_of_rf(
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_hypertension = NA,
  have_diabetes = "no",
  max_na = 1
)

```

---

**calculate\_esc\_2024\_symptom\_score**  
*Calculate Symptom Score (ESC 2024)*

---

## Description

A function used to calculate the symptom score of the patient. This is used to calculate the pretest probability of coronary artery disease (CAD) based on the ESC 2024 guidelines.

## Usage

```

calculate_esc_2024_symptom_score(
  chest_pain_type,
  have_dyspnoea,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  label_have_dyspnoea_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyspnoea_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyspnoea_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_no_chest_pain = c("no chest pain"),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)

```

## Arguments

chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code> , <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
have_dyspnoea	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code> .
allow_na	A logical evaluating to TRUE or FALSE indicating whether we can allow ‘ <code>chest_pain_type</code> ’ or ‘ <code>have_dyspnoea</code> ’ to be NA when calculating the score. Default: TRUE
label_have_dyspnoea_no	Label(s) for patient having no dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
label_have_dyspnoea_yes	Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown	Label(s) for patient having unknown dyspnoea symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
label_cpt_no_chest_pain	Label(s) for patient having no chest pain. Default: <code>c("no chest pain")</code>
label_cpt_nonanginal	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
label_cpt_atypical	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
label_cpt_typical	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
label_cpt_unknown	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information.

## Value

An integer indicating the symptom score of the patient. It can also be NA if both `chest_pain_type` and `have_dyspnoea` are NA. Patients with both nonanginal chest pain and dyspnoea will be given a score of 2

## Examples

```
calculate_esc_2024_symptom_score(
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal",
  have_dyspnoea = "yes",
  allow_na = TRUE
)

calculate_esc_2024_symptom_score(
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal",
  have_dyspnoea = NA,
  allow_na = FALSE
```

```
)
calculate_esc_2024_symptom_score(
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal",
  have_dyspnoea = NA,
  allow_na = TRUE
)
```

**calculate\_lah\_2022\_clinical\_ptp***Calculate 2022 LAH Clinical PTP for obstructive CAD***Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2022 Local Assessment of the Heart (LAH) clinical model.

**Usage**

```
calculate_lah_2022_clinical_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_smoking_history,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_diabetes_no</code> , <code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code> .
have_hypertension	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_hypertension_no</code> , <code>label_have_hypertension_yes</code> and <code>label_have_hypertension_unknown</code> .
have_dyslipidemia	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown</code> .
have_smoking_history	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_smoking_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_smoking_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_smoking_history_unknown</code> .
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_have_diabetes_no</code>	Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
<code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code>	Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
<code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_have_hypertension_no</code>	Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: <code>c("no")</code>
<code>label_have_hypertension_yes</code>	Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: <code>c("yes")</code>
<code>label_have_hypertension_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

```

label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
c(NA, NaN)

```

### **Details**

The predictive model is based on patients a mixed Asian cohort within Singapore with stable chest pain.

### **Value**

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2022 Local Assessment of the Heart (LAH) clinical model.

### **Examples**

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain,
# diabetes but no hypertension, dyslipidemia
# and a non-smoker
calculate_lah_2022_clinical_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no"
)

```

---

**calculate\_lah\_2022\_extended\_ptp**  
*Calculate 2022 LAH Extended PTP for obstructive CAD*

---

### **Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2022 Local Assessment of the Heart (LAH) extended model.

**Usage**

```
calculate_lah_2022_extended_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_smoking_history,
  coronary_calcium_score,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>age</code>	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
<code>sex</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
<code>chest_pain_type</code>	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>have_diabetes</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_diabetes_no</code> , <code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code> .
<code>have_hypertension</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_hypertension_no</code> , <code>label_have_hypertension_yes</code> and <code>label_have_hypertension_unknown</code> .
<code>have_dyslipidemia</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown</code> .

**have\_smoking\_history**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_smoking_history_no`,  
`label_have_smoking_history_yes` and `label_have_smoking_history_unknown`.

**coronary\_calcium\_score**  
Input non-negative numeric to indicate the total coronary calcium score of the patient.

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_cpt\_nonanginal**  
Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

**label\_cpt\_atypical**  
Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

**label\_cpt\_typical**  
Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

**label\_cpt\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_smoking\_history\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_smoking\_history\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_smoking\_history\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients a mixed Asian cohort within Singapore with stable chest pain.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2022 Local Assessment of the Heart (LAH) extended model.

## Examples

```
# 40 year old female with typical chest pain,
# diabetes but no hypertension, dyslipidemia,
# a non-smoker and a coronary calcium score of 0
calculate_lah_2022_extended_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  coronary_calcium_score = 0
)
```

## calculate\_precise\_2021\_clinical\_ptp

*Calculate 2021 PRECISE Clinical PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2021 Predictive Risk scorE for CAD In Southeast Asians with chEst pain (PRECISE) clinical model.

## Usage

```
calculate_precise_2021_clinical_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_neck_radiation,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  smoking_history_type,
  have_q_waves,
  have_st_t_changes,
```

```

label_sex_male = c("male"),
label_sex_female = c("female"),
label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_neck_radiation_no = c("no"),
label_have_neck_radiation_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_neck_radiation_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_smoking_history_type_current = c("current"),
label_smoking_history_type_past = c("past"),
label_smoking_history_type_none = c("none"),
label_smoking_history_type_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_q_waves_no = c("no"),
label_have_q_waves_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_q_waves_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_st_t_changes_no = c("no"),
label_have_st_t_changes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_st_t_changes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters, <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
have_neck_radiation	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_neck_radiation_no</code> , <code>label_have_neck_radiation_yes</code> and <code>label_have_neck_radiation_unknown</code> .
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_diabetes_no</code> , <code>label_have_diabetes_yes</code> and <code>label_have_diabetes_unknown</code> .
have_hypertension	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_hypertension_no</code> , <code>label_have_hypertension_yes</code> and <code>label_have_hypertension_unknown</code> .
smoking_history_type	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_smoking_history_type_current</code> , <code>label_smoking_history_type_past</code> , <code>label_smoking_history_type_none</code> and <code>label_smoking_history_type_unknown</code>

have\_q\_waves The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_q_waves_no`, `label_have_q_waves_yes` and `label_have_q_waves_unknown`.

have\_st\_t\_changes The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_st_t_changes_no`, `label_have_st_t_changes_yes` and `label_have_st_t_changes_unknown`.

`label_sex_male` Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

`label_sex_female` Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

`label_sex_unknown` Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_cpt_nonanginal` Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

`label_cpt_atypical` Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

`label_cpt_typical` Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

`label_cpt_unknown` Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_neck_radiation_no` Label(s) for patient without chest pain radiating to the neck. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_neck_radiation_yes` Label(s) for patient with chest pain radiating to the neck. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_neck_radiation_unknown` Label(s) for patient with unknown chest pain radiating to the neck. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_diabetes_no` Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_diabetes_yes` Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_diabetes_unknown` Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_hypertension_no` Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_hypertension_yes` Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_hypertension_unknown` Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_smoking_history_type_current` Label(s) for patient who is a current smoker. Default: `c("current")`

`label_smoking_history_type_past` Label(s) for patient who is a past smoker. Default: `c("past")`

`label_smoking_history_type_none` Label(s) for patient who is a non-smoker. Default: `c("none")`

```

label_smoking_history_type_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown smoking history. Default: c(NA, NaN)

label_have_q_waves_no
    Label(s) for patient not having Q waves on ECG. Default: c("no")

label_have_q_waves_yes
    Label(s) for patient having Q waves on ECG. Default: c("yes")

label_have_q_waves_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown Q waves on ECG. Default: c(NA, NaN)

label_have_st_t_changes_no
    Label(s) for patient not having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c("no")

label_have_st_t_changes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c("yes")

label_have_st_t_changes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown ST-T changes on ECG. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients a mixed Asian cohort within Singapore with stable chest pain.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2021 Predictive Risk scorE for CAD In Southeast Asians with chEst pain (PRECISE) clinical model.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain
# radiating to the neck, has diabetes
# but no hypertension and a non-smoker.
# She has Q waves but no ST-T changes on ECG.

calculate_precise_2021_clinical_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_neck_radiation = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  smoking_history_type = "none",
  have_q_waves = "yes",
  have_st_t_changes = "no"
)

```

---

**calculate\_precise\_2021\_simple\_ptp**

*Calculate 2021 PRECISE Simple PTP for obstructive CAD*

---

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2021 Predictive Risk scorE for CAD In Southeast Asians with chEst pain (PRECISE) simple model.

## Usage

```
calculate_precise_2021_simple_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_neck_radiation,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  smoking_history_type,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_neck_radiation_no = c("no"),
  label_have_neck_radiation_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_neck_radiation_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_smoking_history_type_current = c("current"),
  label_smoking_history_type_past = c("past"),
  label_smoking_history_type_none = c("none"),
  label_smoking_history_type_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| age | Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.   |
| sex | The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> . |

`chest_pain_type`

The value of variable in the parameters `label_cpt_nonanginal`, `label_cpt_atypical`, `label_cpt_typical` and `label_cpt_unknown`.

`have_neck_radiation`

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_neck_radiation_no`, `label_have_neck_radiation_yes` and `label_have_neck_radiation_unknown`.

`have_diabetes`

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

`have_hypertension`

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

`smoking_history_type`

The value of variable in the parameters `label_smoking_history_type_current`, `label_smoking_history_type_past`, `label_smoking_history_type_none` and `label_smoking_history_type_unknown`

`label_sex_male` Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

`label_sex_female`

Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

`label_sex_unknown`

Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_cpt_nonanginal`

Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

`label_cpt_atypical`

Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

`label_cpt_typical`

Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

`label_cpt_unknown`

Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_neck_radiation_no`

Label(s) for patient without chest pain radiating to the neck. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_neck_radiation_yes`

Label(s) for patient with chest pain radiating to the neck. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_neck_radiation_unknown`

Label(s) for patient with unknown chest pain radiating to the neck Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_diabetes_no`

Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: `c("no")`

`label_have_diabetes_yes`

Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: `c("yes")`

`label_have_diabetes_unknown`

Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

`label_have_hypertension_no`

Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_smoking_history_type_current
    Label(s) for patient who is a current smoker. Default: c("current")
label_smoking_history_type_past
    Label(s) for patient who is a past smoker. Default: c("past")
label_smoking_history_type_none
    Label(s) for patient who is a non-smoker. Default: c("none")
label_smoking_history_type_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with unknown smoking history. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on patients a mixed Asian cohort within Singapore with stable chest pain.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2021 Predictive Risk scorE for CAD In Southeast Asians with chEst pain (PRECISE) simple model.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old female with typical chest pain
# radiating to the neck, has diabetes
# but no hypertension and a non-smoker

calculate_precise_2021_simple_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  chest_pain_type = "typical",
  have_neck_radiation = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  smoking_history_type = "none"
)

```

---

## calculate\_prms\_2017\_ptp

*Calculate 2017 PROMISE Minimal-Risk Score for obstructive CAD*

---

## Description

This function returns a symptomatic (have chest pain or dyspnoea) patient's minimal risk score for obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2017 PROMISE Minimal-Risk Score.

**Usage**

```
calculate_prms_2017_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  hdl_mg_dl,
  is_minority_ethnicity,
  have_diabetes,
  have_hypertension,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_smoking_history,
  have_family_history,
  have_stress_symptoms = NA,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_is_minority_ethnicity_no = c("no"),
  label_is_minority_ethnicity_yes = c("yes"),
  label_is_minority_ethnicity_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_stress_symptoms_no = c("no"),
  label_have_stress_symptoms_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_stress_symptoms_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

**Arguments**

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
hdl_mg_dl	Input positive numeric value to indicate the patient's high-density lipoprotein (HDL) in mg/dL.
is_minority_ethnicity	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_is_minority_ethnicity_no</code> , <code>label_is_minority_ethnicity_yes</code> and <code>label_is_minority_ethnicity_unknown</code> .

**have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**have\_hypertension**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

**have\_dyslipidemia**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_dyslipidemia_no`, `label_have_dyslipidemia_yes` and `label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown`.

**have\_smoking\_history**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_smoking_history_no`, `label_have_smoking_history_yes` and `label_have_smoking_history_unknown`.

**have\_family\_history**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_family_history_no`, `label_have_family_history_yes` and `label_have_family_history_unknown`.

**have\_stress\_symptoms**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_stress_symptoms_no`, `label_have_stress_symptoms_yes` and `label_have_stress_symptoms_unknown`.  
Default: NA

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female**

Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown**

Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_is\_minority\_ethnicity\_no**

Label(s) for patient not from a racial or minority ethnicity (or patient is a non-Hispanic/Latino White). Default: `c("no")`

**label\_is\_minority\_ethnicity\_yes**

Label(s) for patient from a racial or minority ethnicity (or patient is not a non-Hispanic/Latino White). E.g. Blacks, Asians, etc. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_is\_minority\_ethnicity\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient from an unknown ethnicity Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_yes**

Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_yes**

Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_hypertension\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
    c(NA, NaN)
label_have_family_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: c("no")
label_have_family_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: c("yes")
label_have_family_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_have_stress_symptoms_no
    Label(s) for patient with no symptoms (negative results) related to physical or
    mental stress. Default: c("no")
label_have_stress_symptoms_yes
    Label(s) for patient with symptoms (positive results) related to physical or men-
    tal stress. Default: c("yes")
label_have_stress_symptoms_unknown
    Label(s) for patient with inconclusive results or patient has not taken any stress
    test Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on CCTA images from 4632 patients in the Prospective Multicenter imaging Study for Evaluation of Chest Pain (PROMISE) trial.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's minimal risk score for obstructive CAD based on the 2017 PROMISE Minimal-Risk Score.

## Examples

```

# 50 year old white female with chest pain
# a medical history of hypertension, and a
# high-density lipoprotein cholesterol level of 70 mg/dL
calculate_prms_2017_ptp(
  age = 50,
  sex = "female",
  hdl_mg_dl = 70,
  is_minority_ethnicity = "no",

```

```

have_diabetes = "no",
have_hypertension = "yes",
have_dyslipidemia = "no",
have_smoking_history = "no",
have_family_history = "no",
have_stress_symptoms = "no"
)

# 40 year old non-white male with chest pain
# a medical history of diabetes, unknown stress symptoms and a
# high-density lipoprotein cholesterol level of 70 mg/dL
calculate_prms_2017_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "male",
  hdl_mg_dl = 70,
  is_minority_ethnicity = "yes",
  have_diabetes = "yes",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_stress_symptoms = NA
)

```

**calculate\_reeh\_2019\_basic\_ptp***Calculate 2019 Reeh Basic PTP for obstructive CAD***Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2019 Reeh et. al. basic model.

**Usage**

```

calculate_reeh_2019_basic_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  symptom_type,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_symptom_type_typical = c("typical"),
  label_symptom_type_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_symptom_type_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_symptom_type_dyspnoea = c("dyspnoea"),
  label_symptom_type_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
symptom_type	Input characters (typical, atypical, nonanginal, dyspnoea) to indicate the symptom characteristics of the patient. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• typical stands for the patient having typical chest pain.</li> <li>• atypical stands for the patient having atypical chest pain.</li> <li>• nonanginal stands for the patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain.</li> <li>• dyspnoea stands for the patient having dyspnoea.</li> </ul>
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_symptom_type_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_symptom_type_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_symptom_type_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_symptom_type_dyspnoea</code>	Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea. Default: <code>c("dyspnoea")</code>
<code>label_symptom_type_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Details

The predictive model is based on 3903 patients free of CAD and heart failure and suspected of angina, who were referred to a single, large, urban university hospital for assessment in 2012–15.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2019 Reeh et. al. basic model.

## Examples

```
# 40 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_reeh_2019_basic_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  symptom_type = "typical"
)
```

---

**calculate\_reeh\_2019\_clinical\_ptp**

*Calculate 2019 Reeh Clinical PTP for obstructive CAD*

---

### Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2019 Reeh et. al. clinical model.

### Usage

```
calculate_reeh_2019_clinical_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  symptom_type,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_family_history,
  have_diabetes,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_symptom_type_typical = c("typical"),
  label_symptom_type_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_symptom_type_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_symptom_type_dyspnoea = c("dyspnoea"),
  label_symptom_type_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
  label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
  label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
  label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

### Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
symptom_type	Input characters (typical, atypical, nonanginal, dyspnoea) to indicate the symptom characteristics of the patient. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• typical stands for the patient having typical chest pain.</li> <li>• atypical stands for the patient having atypical chest pain.</li> </ul>

- nonanginal stands for the patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain.
- dyspnoea stands for the patient having dyspnoea.

**have\_dyslipidemia**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_dyslipidemia_no`, `label_have_dyslipidemia_yes` and `label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown`.

**have\_family\_history**

The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_family_history_no`, `label_have_family_history_yes` and `label_have_family_history_unknown`.

**have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female**

Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown**

Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_symptom\_type\_typical**

Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

**label\_symptom\_type\_atypical**

Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

**label\_symptom\_type\_nonanginal**

Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

**label\_symptom\_type\_dyspnoea**

Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea. Default: `c("dyspnoea")`

**label\_symptom\_type\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient having unknown symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_yes**

Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_dyslipidemia\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_yes**

Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_no**

Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_yes**

Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_diabetes\_unknown**

Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

## Details

The predictive model is based on 3903 patients free of CAD and heart failure and suspected of angina, who were referred to a single, large, urban university hospital for assessment in 2012–15.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2019 Reeh et. al. clinical model.

## Examples

```
# 40 year old female with typical chest pain
calculate_reeh_2019_clinical_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "female",
  symptom_type = "typical",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_diabetes = "no"
)
```

## calculate\_winther\_2020\_basic\_ptp

*Calculate 2020 Winther Basic PTP for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2020 Winther et. al. basic model (Basic\_PTP).

## Usage

```
calculate_winther_2020_basic_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  label_sex_male = c("male"),
  label_sex_female = c("female"),
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
  label_cpt_no_chest_pain = c("no chest pain"),
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
<code>chest_pain_type</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code> , <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>label_sex_male</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: <code>c("male")</code>
<code>label_sex_female</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: <code>c("female")</code>
<code>label_sex_unknown</code>	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>
<code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code>	Label(s) for patient having no chest pain. Default: <code>c("no chest pain")</code>
<code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code>	Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: <code>c("nonanginal")</code>
<code>label_cpt_atypical</code>	Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: <code>c("atypical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_typical</code>	Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: <code>c("typical")</code>
<code>label_cpt_unknown</code>	Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: <code>c(NA, NaN)</code>

## Details

The predictive model is based on > 40000 symptomatic patients from 2008 to 2017 from 13 hospitals in Western Denmark. These patients are registered under the Western Denmark Heart Registry.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2020 Winther et al. basic model (Basic\_PTP).

## Examples

```
# 40 year old Male with typical chest pain
calculate_winther_2020_basic_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "typical"
)

# 40 year old Male with nonanginal chest pain
calculate_winther_2020_basic_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "nonanginal"
)
```

---

**calculate\_winther\_2020\_cacs\_cl\_ptp**

*Calculate 2020 Winther CACS-CL PTP model for obstructive CAD*

---

**Description**

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on 2020 Winther et. al. Coronary Artery Calcium Score-Weighted Clinical Likelihood (CACS-CL) model.

**Usage**

```
calculate_winther_2020_cacs_cl_ptp(  
  age,  
  sex,  
  chest_pain_type,  
  have_dyspnoea,  
  have_family_history,  
  have_smoking_history,  
  have_dyslipidemia,  
  have_hypertension,  
  have_diabetes,  
  coronary_calcium_score,  
  allow_na_symptom_score = TRUE,  
  max_na_num_of_rf = 0,  
  label_sex_male = c("male"),  
  label_sex_female = c("female"),  
  label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_dyspnoea_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_dyspnoea_yes = c("yes"),  
  label_have_dyspnoea_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_cpt_no_chest_pain = c("no chest pain"),  
  label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),  
  label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),  
  label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),  
  label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),  
  label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),  
  label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),  
  label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),  
  label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),  
  label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
```

```

label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

### Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters label_sex_male, label_sex_female and label_sex_unknown.
chest_pain_type	The value of variable in the parameters label_cpt_no_chest_pain, label_cpt_nonanginal, label_cpt_atypical, label_cpt_typical and label_cpt_unknown.
have_dyspnoea	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_dyspnoea_no, label_have_dyspnoea_yes and label_have_dyspnoea_unknown.
have_family_history	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_family_history_no, label_have_family_history and label_have_family_history_unknown.
have_smoking_history	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_smoking_history_no, label_have_smoking_history_yes and label_have_smoking_history_unknown.
have_dyslipidemia	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_dyslipidemia_no, label_have_dyslipidemia_yes and label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown.
have_hypertension	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_hypertension_no, label_have_hypertension_yes and label_have_hypertension_unknown.
have_diabetes	The value of variable in the parameters label_have_diabetes_no, label_have_diabetes_yes and label_have_diabetes_unknown.
coronary_calcium_score	Input non-negative numeric to indicate the total coronary calcium score of the patient.
allow_na_symptom_score	A logical evaluating to TRUE or FALSE indicating whether we can allow chest_pain_type or have_dyspnoea to be NA when calculating the score
max_na_num_of_rf	Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0
label_sex_male	Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: c("male")
label_sex_female	Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: c("female")
label_sex_unknown	Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyspnoea_no	Label(s) for patient having no dyspnoea symptoms. Default: c("no")

```

label_have_dyspnoea_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea symptoms. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyspnoea symptoms. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_cpt_no_chest_pain
    Label(s) for patient having no chest pain. Default: c("no chest pain")
label_cpt_nonanginal
    Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: c("nonanginal")
label_cpt_atypical
    Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: c("atypical")
label_cpt_typical
    Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: c("typical")
label_cpt_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_have_family_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: c("no")
label_have_family_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: c("yes")
label_have_family_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: c(NA,
    NaN)
label_have_smoking_history_no
    Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: c("no")
label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
    c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on > 40000 symptomatic patients from 2008 to 2017 from 13 hospitals in Western Denmark. These patients are registered under the Western Denmark Heart Registry.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2020 Winther et. al. Coronary Artery Calcium Score-Weighted Clinical Likelihood (CACS-CL) model.

## Examples

```
# 40 year old Male with nonanginal chest pain and coronary calcium score of 0
calculate_winther_2020_cacs_cl_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "no chest pain",
  have_dyspnoea = "no",
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_diabetes = "no",
  coronary_calcium_score = 0,
  allow_na_symptom_score = TRUE,
  max_na_num_of_rf = 0
)
```

## calculate\_winther\_2020\_rf\_cl\_ptp

*Calculate 2020 Winther RF-CL PTP model for obstructive CAD*

## Description

This function returns a patient's pre-test probability (PTP) of obstructive coronary artery disease based on the 2020 Winther et. al. Risk Factor-Weighted Clinical Likelihood (RF-CL) model.

## Usage

```
calculate_winther_2020_rf_cl_ptp(
  age,
  sex,
  chest_pain_type,
  have_dyspnoea,
  have_family_history,
  have_smoking_history,
  have_dyslipidemia,
  have_hypertension,
  have_diabetes,
```

```

allow_na_symptom_score = TRUE,
max_na_num_of_rf = 0,
label_sex_male = c("male"),
label_sex_female = c("female"),
label_sex_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_dyspnoea_no = c("no"),
label_have_dyspnoea_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_cpt_no_chest_pain = c("no chest pain"),
label_cpt_nonanginal = c("nonanginal"),
label_cpt_atypical = c("atypical"),
label_cpt_typical = c("typical"),
label_cpt_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_family_history_no = c("no"),
label_have_family_history_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_family_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_smoking_history_no = c("no"),
label_have_smoking_history_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_smoking_history_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_dyslipidemia_no = c("no"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_hypertension_no = c("no"),
label_have_hypertension_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_hypertension_unknown = c(NA, NaN),
label_have_diabetes_no = c("no"),
label_have_diabetes_yes = c("yes"),
label_have_diabetes_unknown = c(NA, NaN)
)

```

## Arguments

age	Input numeric value to indicate the age of the patient in years.
sex	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_sex_male</code> , <code>label_sex_female</code> and <code>label_sex_unknown</code> .
<code>chest_pain_type</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_cpt_no_chest_pain</code> , <code>label_cpt_nonanginal</code> , <code>label_cpt_atypical</code> , <code>label_cpt_typical</code> and <code>label_cpt_unknown</code> .
<code>have_dyspnoea</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_dyspnoea_no</code> , <code>label_have_dyspnoea_yes</code> and <code>label_have_dyspnoea_unknown</code> .
<code>have_family_history</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_family_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_family_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_family_history_unknown</code> .
<code>have_smoking_history</code>	The value of variable in the parameters <code>label_have_smoking_history_no</code> , <code>label_have_smoking_history_yes</code> and <code>label_have_smoking_history_unknown</code> .

**have\_dyslipidemia**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_dyslipidemia_no`, `label_have_dyslipidemia_yes` and `label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown`.

**have\_hypertension**  
The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_hypertension_no`, `label_have_hypertension_yes` and `label_have_hypertension_unknown`.

**have\_diabetes** The value of variable in the parameters `label_have_diabetes_no`, `label_have_diabetes_yes` and `label_have_diabetes_unknown`.

**allow\_na\_symptom\_score**  
A logical evaluating to TRUE or FALSE indicating whether we can allow `chest_pain_type` or `have_dyspnoea` to be NA when calculating the score

**max\_na\_num\_of\_rf**  
Input integer 0 to 5 to indicate the maximum number of missing risk factors to tolerate before outputting an NA. Default: 0

**label\_sex\_male** Label(s) for definition(s) of male sex. Default: `c("male")`

**label\_sex\_female**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of female sex. Default: `c("female")`

**label\_sex\_unknown**  
Label(s) for definition(s) of missing sex. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_dyspnoea\_no**  
Label(s) for patient having no dyspnoea symptoms. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_dyspnoea\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having dyspnoea symptoms. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_dyspnoea\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown dyspnoea symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_cpt\_no\_chest\_pain**  
Label(s) for patient having no chest pain. Default: `c("no chest pain")`

**label\_cpt\_nonanginal**  
Label(s) for patient having nonanginal or non-specific chest pain. Default: `c("nonanginal")`

**label\_cpt\_atypical**  
Label(s) for patient having atypical chest pain. Default: `c("atypical")`

**label\_cpt\_typical**  
Label(s) for patient having typical chest pain. Default: `c("typical")`

**label\_cpt\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown chest pain type symptoms. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no family history of CAD. Default: `c("no")`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_yes**  
Label(s) for patient having family history of CAD. Default: `c("yes")`

**label\_have\_family\_history\_unknown**  
Label(s) for patient having unknown family history of CAD. Default: `c(NA, NaN)`

**label\_have\_smoking\_history\_no**  
Label(s) for patient with no smoking history (current or past). Default: `c("no")`

```

label_have_smoking_history_yes
    Label(s) for patient having smoking history (current or past). Default: c("yes")
label_have_smoking_history_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown smoking history (current or past). Default:
    c(NA, NaN)
label_have_dyslipidemia_no
    Label(s) for patient with no dyslipidemia. Default: c("no")
label_have_dyslipidemia_yes
    Label(s) for patient having dyslipidemia. Default: c("yes")
label_have_dyslipidemia_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown dyslipidemia. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_hypertension_no
    Label(s) for patient with no hypertension. Default: c("no")
label_have_hypertension_yes
    Label(s) for patient having hypertension. Default: c("yes")
label_have_hypertension_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown hypertension. Default: c(NA, NaN)
label_have_diabetes_no
    Label(s) for patient with no diabetes. Default: c("no")
label_have_diabetes_yes
    Label(s) for patient having diabetes. Default: c("yes")
label_have_diabetes_unknown
    Label(s) for patient having unknown diabetes. Default: c(NA, NaN)

```

## Details

The predictive model is based on > 40000 symptomatic patients from 2008 to 2017 from 13 hospitals in Western Denmark. These patients are registered under the Western Denmark Heart Registry.

## Value

A numeric value representing the patient's PTP for obstructive CAD based on the 2020 Winther et. al. Risk Factor-Weighted Clinical Likelihood (RF-CL) model.

## Examples

```

# 40 year old Male with nonanginal chest pain
calculate_winther_2020_rf_cl_ptp(
  age = 40,
  sex = "male",
  chest_pain_type = "no chest pain",
  have_dyspnoea = "no",
  have_family_history = "no",
  have_smoking_history = "no",
  have_dyslipidemia = "no",
  have_hypertension = "no",
  have_diabetes = "no",
  allow_na_symptom_score = TRUE,
  max_na_num_of_rf = 0
)

```

**check\_if\_four\_categories\_are\_mutually\_exclusive**  
*Check If Four Categories Are Mutually Exclusive*

## Description

Check if the four input categories are mutually exclusive from each other

## Usage

```
check_if_four_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(
  label_cat_1,
  label_cat_2,
  label_cat_3,
  label_cat_4,
  label_cat_missing = NULL,
  arg_cat_1 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_1),
  arg_cat_2 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_2),
  arg_cat_3 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_3),
  arg_cat_4 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_4),
  arg_cat_missing = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_missing),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

label_cat_1	First vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector.
label_cat_2	Second vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector.
label_cat_3	Third vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector
label_cat_4	Fourth vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector
label_cat_missing	Missing values vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector if needed. Default: NULL
arg_cat_1	An argument name as a string for the first vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
arg_cat_2	An argument name as a string for the second vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
arg_cat_3	An argument name as a string for the third vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
arg_cat_4	An argument name as a string for the fourth vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
arg_cat_missing	An argument name as a string for the missing values vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.

`error_call` The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. `caller_env()`. The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the `call` argument of [abort\(\)](#) for more information.

**Value**

An error message if the four input categories are not mutually exclusive

**See Also**

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_vec](#), [cli\\_abort](#)

**Examples**

```
# No error
cat_1 <- c("no chest pain")
cat_2 <- c("typical")
cat_3 <- c("atypical")
cat_4 <- c("nonanginal")
cat_missing <- c("NA")
check_if_four_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3, cat_4)
check_if_four_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3, cat_4, cat_missing)

# Common labels found
cat_1 <- c("no chest pain", "typical", "atypical", "nonanginal")
cat_2 <- c("no chest pain", "typical", "atypical", "nonanginal")
cat_3 <- c("no chest pain", "typical", "atypical", "nonanginal")
cat_4 <- c("no chest pain", "typical", "atypical", "nonanginal")
cat_missing <- c("no chest pain", "typical", "atypical", "nonanginal")

try(check_if_four_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3, cat_4))

try(check_if_four_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3, cat_4, cat_missing))
```

**Description**

Check if the input variable is an integer

**Usage**

```
check_if_integer(
  x,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  arg = rlang::caller_arg(x),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	Input variable to check if it is an integer
<code>allow_na</code>	Input boolean to determine if NA or NaN is allowed. Default: TRUE
<code>arg</code>	An argument name as a string. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

**Value**

The variable itself or an error message if variable is not non-negative

**See Also**

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_abort](#)

**Examples**

```
# No error
input = 0
try(check_if_integer(input))

# Error as 5.5 is not an integer
input = 5.5
try(check_if_integer(input))
```

**check\_if\_non\_negative** *Check If Non-Negative*

**Description**

Check if the input variable is a non-negative number

**Usage**

```
check_if_non_negative(
  x,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  arg = rlang::caller_arg(x),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

x	Input variable to check if it is non-negative number
allow_na	Input boolean to determine if NA or NaN is allowed. Default: TRUE
arg	An argument name as a string. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

## Value

The variable itself or an error message if variable is not non-negative

## See Also

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_abort](#)

## Examples

```
# No error
input = 0
try(check_if_non_negative(input))

# Error as -5 is not a non-neagtive number
input = -5
try(check_if_non_negative(input))
```

---

check\_if\_numeric      *Check If Numeric*

---

## Description

Check if the input variable is numeric

## Usage

```
check_if_numeric(
  x,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  arg = rlang::caller_arg(x),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

x	Input variable to check if it is numeric
allow_na	Input boolean to determine if NA or NaN is allowed. Default: TRUE
arg	An argument name as a string. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

**Value**

The variable itself or an error message if variable is not numeric

**See Also**

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_abort](#)

**Examples**

```
# No error
input = 1
try(check_if_numeric(input))

# Error as "5" is not numeric
input = "5"
try(check_if_numeric(input))

# Error as NULL is not numeric
input = NULL
try(check_if_numeric(input))

# Error as NA is not numeric and allow_na is FALSE
input = NA
try(check_if_numeric(input, allow_na = FALSE))
```

**check\_if\_positive**      *Check If Positive*

**Description**

Check if the input variable is a positive number

## Usage

```
check_if_positive(
  x,
  allow_na = TRUE,
  arg = rlang::caller_arg(x),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

x	Input variable to check if it is positive number
allow_na	Input boolean to determine if NA or NaN is allowed. Default: TRUE
arg	An argument name as a string. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information.

## Value

The variable itself or an error message if variable is not positive

## See Also

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_abort](#)

## Examples

```
# No error
input = 1
try(check_if_positive(input))

# Error as 0 is not a positive number
input = 0
try(check_if_positive(input))

# Error as -5 is not a positive number
input = -5
try(check_if_positive(input))
```

## check\_if\_three\_categories\_are\_mutually\_exclusive

*Check If Three Categories Are Mutually Exclusive*

## Description

Check if the three input categories are mutually exclusive from each other

**Usage**

```
check_if_three_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(
  label_cat_1,
  label_cat_2,
  label_cat_3,
  label_cat_missing = NULL,
  arg_cat_1 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_1),
  arg_cat_2 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_2),
  arg_cat_3 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_3),
  arg_cat_missing = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_missing),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>label_cat_1</code>	First vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector.
<code>label_cat_2</code>	Second vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector.
<code>label_cat_3</code>	Third vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector
<code>label_cat_missing</code>	Missing values vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector if needed. Default: <code>NULL</code>
<code>arg_cat_1</code>	An argument name as a string for the first vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
<code>arg_cat_2</code>	An argument name as a string for the second vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
<code>arg_cat_3</code>	An argument name as a string for the third vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
<code>arg_cat_missing</code>	An argument name as a string for the missing values vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

**Value**

An error message if the three input categories are not mutually exclusive

**See Also**

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_vec](#), [cli\\_abort](#)

**Examples**

```
# No error
cat_1 <- c("typical")
cat_2 <- c("atypical")
```

```

cat_3 <- c("nonanginal")
cat_missing <- c("NA")
check_if_three_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3)
check_if_three_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3, cat_missing)

# Common labels found
cat_1 <- c("typical", "atypical", "nonanginal", "NA")
cat_2 <- c("typical", "atypical", "nonanginal", "NA")
cat_3 <- c("typical", "atypical", "nonanginal", "NA")
cat_missing <- c("typical", "atypical", "nonanginal", "NA")

try(check_if_three_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3))

try(check_if_three_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_3, cat_missing))

```

**check\_if\_two\_categories\_are\_mutually\_exclusive**  
*Check If Two Categories Are Mutually Exclusive*

## Description

Check if the two input categories are mutually exclusive from each other

## Usage

```
check_if_two_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(
  label_cat_1,
  label_cat_2,
  label_cat_missing = NULL,
  arg_cat_1 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_1),
  arg_cat_2 = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_2),
  arg_cat_missing = rlang::caller_arg(label_cat_missing),
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

## Arguments

- label\_cat\_1** First vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector.
- label\_cat\_2** Second vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector.
- label\_cat\_missing** Missing values vector to check for mutually exclusiveness with another vector if needed. Default: NULL
- arg\_cat\_1** An argument name as a string for the first vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.
- arg\_cat\_2** An argument name as a string for the second vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.

**arg\_cat\_missing**

An argument name as a string for the missing values vector. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.

**error\_call**

The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. `caller_env()`. The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the `call` argument of [abort\(\)](#) for more information.

**Value**

An error message if the two input categories are not mutually exclusive

**See Also**

[caller\\_arg](#), [stack](#) [cli\\_vec](#), [cli\\_abort](#)

**Examples**

```
# No error
cat_1 <- c("male")
cat_2 <- c("female")
cat_missing <- c("not saying")
check_if_two_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2)
check_if_two_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_missing)

# Common labels found
cat_1 <- c("male", "female", "not saying")
cat_2 <- c("male", "female", "not saying")
cat_missing <- c("male", "female", "not saying")

try(check_if_two_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2))
try(check_if_two_categories_are_mutually_exclusive(cat_1, cat_2, cat_missing))
```

**chr\_quoted***Quoted Characters***Description**

Add a quote around characters.

**Usage**

```
chr_quoted(chr, type = "")
```

**Arguments**

chr	A character vector to add quotes in each element. (e.g. <code>c("a", "b", "c")</code> ).
type	Character to be used as a quote. Default: <code>'"</code>

**Details****DETAILS****Value**

A character vector with quotes added in each element. (e.g. c("“a“", "“b“", "“c“")).

**Examples**

```
chr_quoted(c("a", "b", "c"))
```

**harmonise\_four\_labels** *Harmonise Four Labels*

**Description**

Function to map an input from four different list into one of the four standardise labels

**Usage**

```
harmonise_four_labels(
  arg,
  label_one,
  label_two,
  label_three,
  label_four,
  label_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "group_1",
  harmonise_label_two = "group_2",
  harmonise_label_three = "group_3",
  harmonise_label_four = "group_4",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA,
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>arg</code>	Input argument, in characters to be harmonised
<code>label_one</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_one
<code>label_two</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_two
<code>label_three</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_three
<code>label_four</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_four
<code>label_unknown</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_unknown
<code>harmonise_label_one</code>	Input character representing the harmonised label for label_one Default: 'group_1'

```

harmonise_label_two
    Input character representing the harmonised label for label_two Default: 'group_2'
harmonise_label_three
    Input character representing the harmonised label for label_three Default:
    'group_3'
harmonise_label_four
    Input character representing the harmonised label for label_four Default: 'group_4'
harmonise_label_unknown
    Input character representing the harmonised label for label_unknown Default:
    NA
error_call      The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. caller_env().
    The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See
    the call argument of abort() for more information.

```

### **Value**

Character representing one of the four standardise labels.

### **Examples**

```

label_cpt_no_chest_pain <- c("no chest pain", "normal")
label_cpt_nonanginal <- c("nonanginal", "unspecified")
label_cpt_atypical <- c("atypical", "Atypical")
label_cpt_typical <- c("typical", "angina")
label_cpt_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

# Gives harmonise_label_one if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "normal"

harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
  harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_four = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)
# Gives harmonise_label_two if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "unspecified"

harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,

```

```
label_four = label_cpt_typical,
label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
harmonise_label_four = "typical",
harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_three if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "Atypical"

harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
  harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_four = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_four if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "angina"

harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
  harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_four = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_unknown if there is valid missing input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- NaN

harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
```

```

harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
harmonise_label_four = "typical",
harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_unknown if there is valid missing input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "NIL"
label_cpt_unknown <- c("NIL")

harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
  harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_four = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives error of invalid typical chest pain input with partial match
chest_pain_type <- "Typical"
label_cpt_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

try(harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
  harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_four = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

# Gives error of invalid typical chest pain input without partial match
chest_pain_type <- "Something"
label_cpt_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

try(harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
)

```

```

label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
harmonise_label_four = "typical",
harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

# Gives error of invalid missing input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- NA
label_cpt_unknown <- c("NIL")

try(harmonise_four_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_no_chest_pain,
  label_two = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_three = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_four = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no chest pain",
  harmonise_label_two = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_three = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_four = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

```

**harmonise\_three\_labels***Harmonise Three Labels***Description**

Function to map an input from three different list into one of the three standardise labels

**Usage**

```

harmonise_three_labels(
  arg,
  label_one,
  label_two,
  label_three,
  label_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "group_1",
  harmonise_label_two = "group_2",
  harmonise_label_three = "group_3",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA,
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>arg</code>	Input argument, in characters to be harmonised
<code>label_one</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify <code>harmonise_label_one</code>
<code>label_two</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify <code>harmonise_label_two</code>
<code>label_three</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify <code>harmonise_label_three</code>
<code>label_unknown</code>	Input character vector representing the ways to identify <code>harmonise_label_unknown</code>
<code>harmonise_label_one</code>	Input character representing the harmonised label for <code>label_one</code> Default: 'group_1'
<code>harmonise_label_two</code>	Input character representing the harmonised label for <code>label_two</code> Default: 'group_2'
<code>harmonise_label_three</code>	Input character representing the harmonised label for <code>label_three</code> Default: 'group_3'
<code>harmonise_label_unknown</code>	Input character representing the harmonised label for <code>label_unknown</code> Default: NA
<code>error_call</code>	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

**Value**

Character representing one of the three standardise labels.

**Examples**

```

label_cpt_nonanginal <- c("nonanginal", "unspecified")
label_cpt_atypical <- c("atypical", "Atypical")
label_cpt_typical <- c("typical", "angina")
label_cpt_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

# Gives harmonise_label_one if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "unspecified"

harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)
# Gives harmonise_label_two if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "Atypical"

```

```
harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_three if there is valid input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "angina"

harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_unknown if there is valid missing input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- NaN

harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_unknown if there is valid missing input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- "NIL"
label_cpt_unknown <- c("NIL")

harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
```

```

harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
harmonise_label_three = "typical",
harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives error of invalid typical chest pain input with partial match
chest_pain_type <- "Typical"
label_cpt_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

try(harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

# Gives error of invalid typical chest pain input without partial match
chest_pain_type <- "Something"
label_cpt_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

try(harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

# Gives error of invalid missing input of chest_pain_type
chest_pain_type <- NA
label_cpt_unknown <- c("NIL")

try(harmonise_three_labels(
  arg = chest_pain_type,
  label_one = label_cpt_nonanginal,
  label_two = label_cpt_atypical,
  label_three = label_cpt_typical,
  label_unknown = label_cpt_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "nonanginal",
  harmonise_label_two = "atypical",
  harmonise_label_three = "typical",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

```

---

**harmonise\_two\_labels    *Harmonise Two Labels***

---

**Description**

Function to map an input from two different list into one of the two standardise labels

**Usage**

```
harmonise_two_labels(  
  arg,  
  label_one,  
  label_two,  
  label_unknown,  
  harmonise_label_one = "no",  
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",  
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA,  
  error_call = rlang::caller_env()  
)
```

**Arguments**

arg	Input argument, in characters to be harmonised
label_one	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_one
label_two	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_two
label_unknown	Input character vector representing the ways to identify harmonise_label_unknown
harmonise_label_one	Input character representing the harmonised label for label_one Default: 'group_1'
harmonise_label_two	Input character representing the harmonised label for label_two Default: 'group_2'
harmonise_label_unknown	Input character representing the harmonised label for label_unknown Default: NA
error_call	The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <code>abort()</code> for more information.

**Value**

Character representing one of the two standardise labels.

## Examples

```

label_have_dyspnoea_no <- c("no", "No")
label_have_dyspnoea_yes <- c("yes", "Yes")
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

# Gives harmonise_label_one if there is valid input of have_dyspnoea
have_dyspnoea <- "No"

harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
  label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no",
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_two if there is valid input of have_dyspnoea
have_dyspnoea <- "Yes"

harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
  label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no",
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_unknown if there is valid missing input of have_dyspnoea
have_dyspnoea <- NaN

harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
  label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no",
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives harmonise_label_unknown if there is valid missing input of have_dyspnoea
have_dyspnoea <- "NIL"
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown <- c("NIL")

harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
)

```

```
label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
harmonise_label_one = "no",
harmonise_label_two = "yes",
harmonise_label_unknown = NA
)

# Gives error of invalid have_dyspnoea input with partial match
have_dyspnoea <- "Not"
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

try(harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
  label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no",
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

# Gives error of invalid have_dyspnoea input without partial match
have_dyspnoea <- "Something"
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown <- c(NA, NaN)

try(harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
  label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no",
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))

# Gives error of invalid missing input of have_dyspnoea
have_dyspnoea <- NA
label_have_dyspnoea_unknown <- c("NIL")

try(harmonise_two_labels(
  arg = have_dyspnoea,
  label_one = label_have_dyspnoea_no,
  label_two = label_have_dyspnoea_yes,
  label_unknown = label_have_dyspnoea_unknown,
  harmonise_label_one = "no",
  harmonise_label_two = "yes",
  harmonise_label_unknown = NA
))
```

## Description

Function to check if the input value is an integer.

## Usage

```
is_integer_value(input_value, allow_na = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

input_value	The input value
allow_na	If true, NA values are ignored and output is considered TRUE. Default: FALSE

## Value

A boolean indicating TRUE when the input value is an integer and FALSE otherwise.

## Examples

```
# An integer
is_integer_value(1)

# Not an integer
is_integer_value(1.1)

# Not numeric
is_integer_value("1")

# NA cases
is_integer_value(NA, allow_na = FALSE)
is_integer_value(NA, allow_na = TRUE)
```

## Description

A function that converts a character vector into a list phrase that uses the Oxford comma.

## Usage

```
oxford_comma(chr, sep = ", ", final = "or")
```

## Arguments

chr	A character vector to turn into a list phrase (e.g. c("a", "b", "c")).
sep	Separator symbols used to separate the elements in the character vector, Default: ','
final	String to use in place of the final separator when we have at least two elements in the character vector, Default: 'or'.

**Value**

A string in the form of a list that has a comma if there are at least three elements in the list (e.g. "a, b, or c")

**Examples**

```
oxford_comma(c("James", "John", "Jeremy"))

oxford_comma(c("James", "John", "Jeremy"), final = "and")

oxford_comma(c("James", "John"))

oxford_comma(c("James"))
```

---

**round\_to\_nearest\_digit**

*Round To Nearest Digit*

---

**Description**

A function that does symmetric rounding to the nearest digits.

**Usage**

```
round_to_nearest_digit(number, digits = 0)
```

**Arguments**

number	Input numeric value
digits	Input integer indicating the number of decimal places to be used. By default, it rounds off to the nearest integer. Default: 0

**Value**

A numeric value rounded off to a number of decimal places specified in the input digits.

**Examples**

```
round_to_nearest_digit(0.5)
round_to_nearest_digit(1.5)
round_to_nearest_digit(-0.5)
round_to_nearest_digit(-1.5)
round_to_nearest_digit(1021.125, digits = 2)
```

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